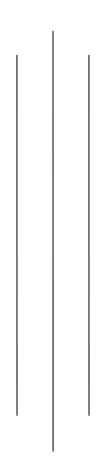
SYLLABUS

FOR BACHELOR IN BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING BE (BM)



PURBANCHAL UNIVERSITY

(FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY) BIRATNAGAR, NEPAL 2011

(WITH AMENDMENT TILL DATE)

PURBANCHAL UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

CURRICULUM

ON

BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING

1.0 Introduction:

Purbanchal University is offering the bachelor's degree course in Biomedical Engineering through its own as well as affiliated colleges with the objective of producing high-level technical manpower as per the nation's need and with a capacity to undertake any kinds of Biomedical Engineering works using new technologies.

2.0 Details of the Course:

The following are the details of the course.

2.1 Title of Course:

Bachelor in Biomedical Engineering

2.2 Objectives of the Course:

The objective of the course is to train students with appropriate technical & analytical knowledge and skills required to enable them to function and practice as professional Biomedical Engineers on all aspects of Biomedical Engineering works.

2.3 Duration of the Course:

The total duration of the course is 4 years. Each year consists of two semesters and each semester has duration of 90 days.

3.0 Admission Procedure:

3.1 Eligibility:

- 3.1.1 The candidate must have passed I. Sc. Examination or 10+2 (Science) or Diploma in Engineering (Electrical and Electronics) from recognized Universities minimum in second division.
- 3.1.2 The candidate must have passed entrance examination conducted by the University.
- 3.1.3 The successful candidates in the entrance examination will be admitted in the merit basis in the University affiliate colleges.

4.0 Course Structure:

4.1 Contents:

The teaching course is divided in eight semesters (half yearly). The first two semesters are general and are of prerequisite nature.

4.2 Subject Codes:

Each subject is coded with specific letters and numbers. The code of all subjects that are offered in engineering programme begins with three letters: "BEG" which denotes Bachelors in Engineering which is followed by three numbers; for Biomedical department,

at first a digit then letter **B** and then a digit for course code, denoting subject offered in the particular half yearly semester. The first digit denotes the year for example 1, 2, 3 & 4 for first, second, third and fourth year respectively. The second digit/alphabet-**B** and third digits 0 to 99/B0-B9 are used to represent specific subject i.e. subject code. The last two letters denote the department, which offer the subject (e.g. BM-Biomedical; SH-Science & Humanities; ME-Mechanical Engineering; EL-Electrical Engineering; EC Electrical Communication Engineering; AR-Architecture etc). The subject code is provided as per the departments offering the subject. The total departments that are offering the subjects and subject code provided for them as are below.

	Departments	Subject Code
1	Science & Humanities in short "SH"	01 to 09
2	Architecture in short "AR"	10 to 19
3	Electrical in short "EL"	20 to 29
4	Electronics & Communication in short "EC"	30 to 39
5	Mechanical in short "ME"	40 to 49
6	Civil in short "CI"	50 to 69
7	Computer in short "CO"	70 to 89
8	Management Science in short "MS"	90 to 99
9	Biomedical in Short "BM"	B0-B9, C0-C9

Note:

The subject code of particular subject offering in particular year can remain the same for another subject which is being offered in another year. For example: the subject code of Bio-Engineering Materials and Components is B1. This subject is being offered in 2nd year, first part with the code **BEG2B1BM**. Similarly, the subject code of Engineering Geology is 58; this subject is being offered in 2nd year, first semester with the code **BEG258CI** and similarly, the subject code of Soil Mechanics is also 58 but this subject is being offered in 3rd year 1st semester with the code **BEG358CI**.

Example

BEG104 SH is the code for subject **Chemistry** (the subject code of chemistry is 04) that is offered in first year by the department of Science & Humanities.

4.3 Teaching Methods:

The teaching methods applied are lecture, tutorial, practical and course work or work project. Tutorials are used to develop and enlarge the concepts stated in lecture. Practical classes in form of laboratory works and drawing practice are used to verify the concept and develop required technical and analytical skills. Similarly, course works and course projects are aimed at creating necessary knowledge and skill to implement and present the acquired technical and analytical skills in the form of projects.

Evaluation and Grading System:

The evaluation of the student's knowledge is done through internal assessments during the course and followed by final semester examination. For the theoretical components of a subject weight of 20% for the internal assessment and 80% for semester examination are allocated while for practical component, the method of continuous assessment is adopted except for limited particular subjects in which semester examination are also conducted.

The student must obtain at least 40% mark in internal assessment in each subject to be eligible to sit in the final semester examination. The student should get 40% mark to pass in semester examination. The students who have passed all the subjects in all semester are considered to have successfully completed the course. The weight of the semester examinations for the overall evaluation of the students is as prescribed below.

- a) First & Second Year (Four Semesters): 20% each
- b) Third & Fourth Year (Four Semesters): 30% each

Depending upon the final aggregate percentage scored, 4 passing grades A, B, C, and D and one failing grading F are used. The letter grades used to show the academic standing of a student, with the following meaning and grade points i.e. weights are as follow:

Letter Grade	Equivalent Marks	Meaning
A	80-100	Excellent
В	60-79	Good
C	50-59	Average
D	40-49	Poor
F	Below 40	Fail

Course Structure-Biomedical Engineering

Year 1/Semester I

S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG101SH	Engineering Mathmatics I	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG103SH	Physics	4	4	1	2	7
3	BEG105SH	Communicative English	3	3	1	-	4
		Introduction to Computer and					
4	BEG180CO	Programming	3	3	1	3	7
5	BEG145ME	Engineering Drawing	3	1	-	3	4
6	BEG129EL	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	3	1	3	7
	Total			17	5	11	33

Year 1/Semester II

S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG102SH	Engineering Mathmatics II	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG104SH	Chemistry	3	3	1	2	6
3	BEG143ME	Basic Mechanical Engineering	3	3	1	3	7
4	BEG122EL	Electro-Engineering Materials	3	3	1	-	4
		Computational System & Database					
5	BEG170CO	Concept	3	3	1	2	6
6	BEG139EC	Digital Logic	3	3	1	2	6
	Total			18	6	9	33

Year 2/Semester

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S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG201SH	Engineering Mathmatics III	3	3	1	-	4
		Bio-Engineering Materials and					
2	BEG2B1BM	Components	4	3	1	-	4
3	BEG2B2BM	Human Anatomy and Physiology I	4	3	1	3	7
4	BEG2C5BM	Fluid Mechanics	3	3	1	3	7
5	BEG2B3BM	Cell Biology and Immunology	3	3	1	3	7
6	BEG237EC	Microprocessors	3	3	1	2	6
		Total	20	18	6	11	35

Year 2/Semester

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S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG204SH	Applied Maths	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG239EC	Electronic Devices and Circuits	3	3	1	2	6
3	BEG299MS	Sociology	3	3	1	-	4
4	BEG2C1BM	Biomechanics	4	3	1	-	4
5	RM2C8BM	Research Methodology	2	2	1	-	3
6	BEG2B4BM	Human Anatomy and Physiology II	4	3	1	3	7
	Total			17	6	5	28

Year 3/Semester

V

S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG304SH	Probability and Statistics	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG389CO	Numerical Methods	3	3	1	2	6
3	BEG3C3BM	Measurement and Instrumentation	3	3	1	2	6
4	BEG329EL	Control Systems	3	3	1	3	7
5	BEG3C2BM	Biomedical Embedded System Design	3	3	1	2	6
6	BEG3B6BM	Communication Systems	4	4	1	2	7
	Total			19	6	11	36

Year 3/Semester

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S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG399MS	Engineering Economics	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG3B2BM	Tissue Device Interactions	3	3	1	-	4
3	BEG3B3BM	Medical Imaging I	3	3	1	2	6
4	BEG3B4BM	Biomedical Instrumentation I	4	4	1	2	7
5	BEG330EC	Data Communication and Networking	3	3	1	2	6
6	BEG3B5BM	Biomedical Digital Signal Processing	3	3	1	2	6
	Total			19	6	8	33

Year 4/Semester

VII

S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG4B7BM	Organisation and Project Management	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG4B1BM	Biomedical Instrumentation II	4	4	1	2	7
3	BEG4B2BM	Medical Imaging II	3	3	1	2	6
4	BEG4B3BM	Implantable Devices	3	3	1	-	4
5	BEG4C9BM	Project I	3	3	-	3	6
6	-	Elective I	3	3	1	-	4
	Total			19	5	7	31

Year 4/Semester VIII

S.N.	Course Code	Course Description	Credits	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Total
1	BEG4B4BM	Medical Industry Management	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG4B5BM	Engineering Professional Practice	2	2	1	-	3
3	-	Elective II	3	3	1	-	4
4	-	Elective III	3	3	1	-	4
5	BEG4B8BM	Project II	6	6	-	6	12
	·	Total	17	17	4	6	27

Total 150

Elective I

1	BEG4B9BM	Structural Biomaterials	3	3	1	-	4
2	BEG4C8BM	Biomedical Equipment Maintenance	3		1	5	6

Elective II

1	BEG4C2BM	Minimally Invasive Medical Technology	3	3	2	-	5
2	BEG4B6BM	Medical Image Processing	3	3	1	2	6
3	BEG4C5BM	Theory of Medical Robotics	3	3	2	-	5

Elective III

1	BEG4C7BM	Neural Network	3	3	1	2	6
2	BEG4C3BM	Medical Informatics	3	3	1	2	6
3	BEG4C1BM	Telemedicine and Telehealth	3	3	1	-	4

YEAR I SEMESTER I & II

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I BEG101 SH

Ċ	Semester	l									Year I
ſ	Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			71
	H	lours/Wee	k		Fin	al Practical		Internal Assessment		To Ma	em
				Theo	ory			Theory	Practical	「otal 1arks	Remarks
								Marks	Marks		0,
Ī	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
Ī	3	1	-	3 hrs	80		-	20	-	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The basic objective of the course is to provide a sound knowledge of calculus and other related topics.

- 1.0 Limits and Continuity of a Function: Limit of a function with examples, infinity as a limit, continuity of a function, and simple properties of a continuous function (3 hours)
- 2.0 Derivatives: Review of derivatives (Derivatives of Implicit, Parametric equation, hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic function), Higher order derivatives, successive derivatives and Leibnitz theorem, Functions of two or more variables, Partial derivatives, total differential coefficients.
- 3.0 Applications of Derivatives: Extrema of function of two or three variables, mean value theorems, Taylor and Maclaurin's infinite series, Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule, Tangent and normal, curvature, Asymptotes and curve tracing.

 (8 hours)
- 4.0 Integration: Basic integration formulas, Integration methods, Standard Integrals, Definite Integral and its properties, Definite integral as the limit of a sum, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus, Improper integrals, Reduction formulae for integrals, Beta and Gamma functions. (8 hours)
- 5.0 Applications of Integral Calculus: Determination of area, Length, Volumes and surface areas of solid of revolution, multiple integrals, change of order of integration. (5 hours)
- 6.0 Plane Analytic Geometry: Translation and rotation of axes, circles, conic sections, parabolas, ellipses, hyperbolas and central conics. (8 hours)
- 7.0 Vector Algebra: Vector components, zero vector, unit vector, addition, equality, Direction cosines, space coordinates (Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates), equation relating these coordinates, scalar and vector, product of two vectors, product of three vectors or more vectors, lines and planes.
 (7 hours)

Recommended Books:

- 1.0 Differential Calculus, MB Singh and BC Bajracharya, S ukunda Pustak Bhawan, Kathmandu
- 2.0 Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Thomas and Finnney, Narosa Publishing House, India
- 3.0 Basic Mathematics (Vol I and II), DR Bajracharya, National Book Centre, Kathmandu
- 4.0 A Text Book of Vector Analysis, MB Singh and BC Bajracharya, Sukunda Pustak Bhawan, Kathmandu
- 5.0 Integral Calculus and Differential Equations, GD Pant & GS Shrestha, Sunila Prakashan, Kathmandu
- 6.0 Higher Coordinate Geometry, Lalji Prasad, Paramount Publications, Patna, India
- 7.0 Two-Dimensional Geometry-MR Joshi

PHYSICS BEG103 SH

;	Semester	l									Year I
	Tead	ching Sche	hedule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			ZI
	ŀ	lours/Wee	eek		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	Total Marks	em
				The	ory	Prac	tical	Theory	Practical	Total ⁄larks	Remarks
								Marks	Marks		S
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	4	1	2	3 hrs	80	3	30	20	20	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide the concept and knowledge of physics with the emphasis of present day applications. The background of physics corresponding to Proficiency Certificate Level/+2 is assumed.

Cou	rse Details	
1.0	Simple Harmonic Motion:	(4 hours)
	1.1. Introduction, Hooks Law, elastic restoring force, equation of SHM	(1 1/2 hour)
	1.2. Examples of SHM: suspended mass spring system and physical pendulum (bar pendulum).1.3. Angular harmonic motion: Torsional pendulum	(1 hour) (1 hour)
	1.3. Angular harmonic motion. Porsional pendulum 1.4. Introduction to damped ,free and forced oscillation	(1 /2hour)
	The medication to damped , need and to look decimation	(17211001)
2.0	Wave in Elastic Media:	(5 hour)
	2.1. Introduction: waves and particles, types of waves; traveling wave, mechanical wave.	(1 /2hour)
	2.2. Equation of wave process, particle velocity and particle acceleration.	(1 hours)
	2.3. Wave Speed on a Stretched String (using Newton's second law).2.4. Energy and power in traveling waves, intensity in wave motion.	(1 hour) (1 hour)
	2.5. Principle of superposition, interference of waves.	(1 hour)
	2.6. Standing waves and resonance.	(1/2 hour)
3.0	Acoustics:	(7 hours)
	3.1. Sound waves, review on Sound propagation in gases, liquids and solid; The speed of sound.3.2. Pressure variation due to waves and pressure amplitude.	(1 hour) (1 hour)
	3.3. Beat phenomena	(1 hour) (½ hour)
	3.4. The Doppler effect.	(1 hours)
	3.5. Energy considerations, intensity level and loudness.	(1 hour)
	3.6. Ultrasound, production of ultrasound by magnetostriction and piezoelectric (Introduction)	
	and its application in medical, distances measurement, imaging, signaling, cleaning, and neating	(2 ½ hours)
4.0	Electrostatics:	(7 hours)
	4.1. Electric charge, Interaction between electric charges.	(½ hour)
	4.2. Electric field, lines of force, calculation of electric field due to dipole and quadrupole	(1 hour)
	4.3. Electric flux, Gauss' law, Application of Gauss Law to spherical, linear and planer symmetric	(O. b)
	distribution of charges. 4.4. Electric potential, potential difference, potential due to a point charge, potential gradient.	(2 hours) (½ hour)
	4.5. Potential due to dipole and quadrupole, electrostatic potential energy.	(½ hour)
	4.6. Capacitors. Parallel plate capacitor, spherical capacitor, permittivity, conductors and dielectric	(/2
	in electric field. E and D fields, energy stored in electric field and energy density.	(2 hours)
	4.7. Electrostatic induction, lightning conductors, industrial uses and hazards.	(½ hour)
5.0	Direct Current:	(6 hours)
•.•	5.1. Review on Current flow in solid, liquid and gases. Ohm's law. Resistances in series and in parallel.	(½ hour)
	5.2. Current and current density, atomic view of resistivity, effect of temperature on resistance	(1 ½ hour)
	5.3. Semiconductors: Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor, Introduction of PN Junction, NPN & PNP transistor.	(3 hours)
	5.4. Energy loss, heat production, statement of joule's law	(½ hour)
	5.5. Kirchhoft's Laws.	(½ hour)
6.0	Magnetism and Magnetic Fields:	(10 hours)
	6.1. Source of Magnetic fields: Current and permanent magnets, earth's magnetic field, lines of force flux	
	of magnetic field and permeability.	(1 hour)
	6.2. Biot and Savart's law and its application to long straight conductor carrying current. Amperes theorem and its application to long straight conductor carrying current and solenoid carrying current.	(2 hours)
	6.3. Magnetic scalar potential and potential gradient.	(1 hour)
	6.4. Force on conductor in magnetic fileds, force per unit length between parallel conductors carrying current .	(1 hour)
	6.5. Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction. Flux linkage. Lenz's law. Self induction. Calculation of	
	the coefficient of self-induction for solenoid.	(2 hours)
	6.6. LR circuit. Energy stored in magnetic field. Energy density of magnetic field.6.7. Magnetic properties of matter, Domain Theory, Ferromagnetism, Saturation and Hysteresis.	(1 hour) (2 hours)
	o.7. Magnetic properties of matter, Domain Theory, Ferromagnetism, Saturation and mysteresis.	(2 Hours)
7.0	Electromagnetic Oscillations:	(3 hours)
	7.1. LC oscillations. Analogy to SHM	(1 hour)
	7.2. Electromagnetic oscillation of LCR circuit (quantitative) forced oscillation on LCR circuit and resonance	(2 hours)
8.0	Electromagnetic Waves:	(5 hours)
	8.1. Introduction to gradient, divergence and curl; Induced magnetic field; Displacement current and its significance	(1 hour)
	8.2. Maxwell's equation – Differential and integral form	(1 hour)
	8.3. Application of Maxwell equation: wave equations in free space and medium.	(2 hour)
	8.4. Speed of electromagnetic wave. Energy of electromagnetic wave. Poynting vector	(1 hour)

9.0	Optics	s:	(6 hours)
	9.1.	Nature and source of light, different theories of light, different types of sources.	(1/2 hour)
	9.2.	Review of optics of lenses, refraction in spherical surfaces; refraction through prism.	(1/2 hour)
	9.3.	Combination of lenses in contact and at a separation, cardinal points,	
		Achromatic combination of two lenses, separated by distance	(1 hours)
	9.4.	Monochromatic aberration of lenses. Spherical aberration, astigmatism, coma, curvature of field and	
		distortion. Causes and their minimization.	(1 hour)
	9.5.	Fiber optics: Introduction to optical fiber. Types of optical fibers. Application in Illumination and Image	
		transmission, optical communication optical fiber sensors, medical and military application	(1 ½ hours)
	9.6.	Lasers: principle of the generation of laser light, Uses of laser: industrial and entertainment electronics,	
		medical .communication and information processing	(1 ½ hours)
10.0	Physi	cal Optics:	(8 hours)
10.0	Physi 10.1.	cal Optics: Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves,	(8 hours)
10.0		·	(8 hours)
10.0	10.1.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves,	(8 hours)
10.0	10.1.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin	(8 hours) (3 hours)
10.0	10.1.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin films and wedge shape, Newton's ring and determination of wave length, determination of refractive	,
10.0	10.1. 10.2.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin films and wedge shape, Newton's ring and determination of wave length, determination of refractive index of a liquid .	,
10.0	10.1. 10.2.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin films and wedge shape, Newton's ring and determination of wave length, determination of refractive index of a liquid. Diffraction: Introduction to Fresnel's and Fraunhoffer, Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit.	(3 hours)
10.0	10.1. 10.2. 10.3.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin films and wedge shape, Newton's ring and determination of wave length, determination of refractive index of a liquid. Diffraction: Introduction to Fresnel's and Fraunhoffer, Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit. Diffraction grating, wave length measurement by diffraction gratings; intensity variation in order.	(3 hours)
10.0	10.1. 10.2. 10.3.	Interference: coherent sources, path difference and phase difference, Interference of light waves, Young's experiment ,condition for constructive and destructive interference, interference in thin films and wedge shape, Newton's ring and determination of wave length, determination of refractive index of a liquid. Diffraction: Introduction to Fresnel's and Fraunhoffer, Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit. Diffraction grating, wave length measurement by diffraction gratings; intensity variation in order. Polarization: Introduction, polarization by reflection, Malu's law, double refraction, Nicol prism, plane,	(3 hours)

- <u>Laboratory:</u> (Minimum 9 Experiments)
 1.0 Physical Pendulum, Torsional Pendulum

- 2.0 Resonance tube
 3.0 Newton's Ring, Diffraction grating, prism
 4.0 Carey Foster's Bridge, Low resistance, resistivity, LC Circuits
 5.0 Polarimeter, Junction transistor

- Recommended Books:

 1.0 Physics by Resnick, Haliday, 2nd and 4th Edition.

 2.0 A.S. Vasudeva, "Concept of Modern Engineering Physics", S. Chand & Co 1998, Delhi.

 3.0 Subramanyam and Brij Lal, "Optics", S. Chand & Co. 1994, 1995, Delhi.

 4.0 Practical Physics by CL Arora.

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH BEG105 SH

Semester I Year I

		-									
	Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			TI
	Hours/Week		k		Fin	al		Internal Assessment		To Ma	(em
				Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	L T P Duration Marks				Duration	Marks					
3	3 1 - 3 hrs 80				80			20		100	

COURSE DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for the students of B.E. level, first year, first semester of Purbanchal University, who have completed either diploma level in Engineering or ISC or +2 from any institution recognized by this university. It intends to develop and strengthen in students the basic and communicative skills in the English language with emphasis of speaking, reading and writing

COURSE OBJECTIVES: This course intends to develop:

- Skills needed for group discussion, meeting conduction and technical talk.
- Intensive and extensive reading skills in technical and non-technical reading materials
- Skills in writing description, official letters and letters of application, proposals and formal technical reports

COURSE IN DETAIL:

1.0 Oral Communication: (16 hours)

- A. Fundamentals of effective speaking: posture, gesture, facial expression, voice, eye contact, space distancing etc.
 B. Group discussion on subjects of general and technical interest
- C. Meetings
 - a. Notice preparation
 - b. Agenda preparation
 - c. Minutes preparation
 - d. Meeting conduction
- D. Technical talk
 - a. Writing complete manuscript for technical talk
 - b. Presenting technical talk based on manuscript
 - c. Preparing note for technical talk
 - d. Presenting talks based on notes

2.0 Reading: Intensive and Extensive:

(14 hours)

- A. Intensive reading:
 - a. How to tackle intensive reading materials
 - b. Practicing comprehension on prescribed texts
 - c. Note making and summary writing
 - d. Practice on contextual grammar
- B. Extensive Reading:
 - a. How to tackle extensive reading materials
 - b. Practicing extensive reading

3.0 Writing: (26 hours)

- A. Fundamentals of effective writing; unity, coherence, conciseness, clarity
- B. Description writing; mechanical, electrical or electronic objects, tables, graphs, charts, landscape, technical process
- C. Letters
 - a. Official Letters
 - Standard letter formats
 - ii. Writing letters for asking and giving information giving instruction, letters of request, apology and explanation, complaint and order
 - b. Letters of Application
 - i. Standard Format
 - ii. Preparing Bio-data resume
 - iii. Writing letters of application
- D. Proposal Writing
 - a. Format for technical proposals
 - b. Writing technical proposals
 - Technical Report Writing
 - a. Format for technical reports
 - b. Writing technical reports

Prescribed Books:

E.

1.0 English for Engineers and Technologist 2, Orient Longman, Anna University, Chennai 1990, (Reading and Language focus all and oral and writing as mentioned in the syllabus)

Reference Books:

- 1.0 Adhikari Usha, et, al. Communicative Skills in English, Research training unit, Department of Science and Humanities, Institute of Engineering, Pulchowk Campus 2002
- 2.0 Anne Eisenberg, "Effective Technical Communication", McGraw-Hill, 1982.
- 3.0 K.W. Hope and T.E. Pearsall, "Reporting Technical Information", 5th Edition. Macmillan Publishing Company, New York, 1984.
- 4.0 "A Communicative Grammar of English", Leech, G, Savartvik, ELBS 1975
- 5.0 "English Dictionary", Collings Cobuild, New Edition, Harper Collins Publishers 1995

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER AND PROGRAMMING BEG180 CO

Semester I Year I

•	011100101	•									. oa
Ī	Tea	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
	H	Hours/Week			Fin	al		Internal Assessment		To Ma	ζem
				Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
Ī	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
ſ	3 1 3 3 hrs 60					-	-	20	20	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give the basic knowledge of computer system and problem solving skills using structured programming methodology.

Contents:

1.0 INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER: (4 hours)

- 1.1. Generation of Computer.
- 1.2. Block diagram of Computer.
 - 1.2.1. Discussion on Input Device/ Output Device
 - 1.2.2. CPU. Memory and its types.
 - 1.2.3. Uses of Computer, Computer network
 - 1.2.4. Managing data and Information

2.0 INTRODUCION OF PROGRAMMING: (4 hours)

- 2.1. History of C
- 2.2. Introduction to C
- 2.3. Importance of C
- 2.4. Desirable program characteristic

3.0 DATA TYPES, OPERATORS AND SOME STATEMENT: (5 hours)

- 3.1. Identifiers & Keywords
- 3.2. Constant
 - 3.2.1. String Constant
 - 3.2.2. Numeric Constant
 - 3.2.3. Character Constant
- 3.3. C Operators
 - 7.3.1. Arithmetic Operators
 - 7.3.2. Assignment Operators
 - 7.3.3. Logical & Comparison Operators
 - 7.3.4. Bitwise Operators
- 3.4. Special Operators

4.0 VARIABLES, INPUTAND OUTPUT: (5 hours)

- 4.1. Variable Declaration
- 4.2. The Scope of Variable
 - 4.2.1. Register Variable
 - 4.2.2. Static Variable
 - 4.2.3. External Variable
 - 4.2.4. Automatic Variable
- 4.3. Statements
- 4.4. Simple C programs
- 4.5. Input Statement
- 4.6. Output Statement
- 4.7. Feature of stdio.h

5.0 CONTROL STRUCTURE: (4 hours)

- 5.1. Conditional Statements
 - 5.2.1. if statement
 - 5.2.2. if-else statement
 - 5.2.3. switch statement
- 5.2. Loop Statements
 - 5.2.1. for loop
 - 5.2.2. while loop
 - 5.2.3. do-while loop
- 5.3. Breaking Control Statements
 - 5.2.1. break statement
 - 5.2.2. continue statement
 - 5.2.3. go-to statement

6.0 ARRAY: (4 hours)

- 6.1. Array Notation
- 6.2. Array Declaration
- 6.3. Multidimensional Array
- 6.4. Array Initialization
- 6.5. Processing with Array

7.0 FUNCTION: (4 hours) Defining Function 7.1. Use of Function Types of Function 7.3. 7.4. Return Statement 7.5. Recursive Function 8.0 POINTER (5 hours) 8.1. Pointer Declaration 8.2. Pointer Arithmetic Pointer Function 8.3. 8.4. Pointer & Array Pointers to pointers 8.5. 9.0 Structure and Unions (5 hours) 9.1. Defining a structure, Arrays of Structures, Structures with in Structures9.1.1. Processing a Structure 9.1.2. Structures Pointers 9.1.3. Passing Structures to Functions 9.1.4. Union and its importance 10.0 Data Files (4 hours) 10.1. Opening and Closing a Data File 10.2. Creating a Data File 10.3. Processing a Data File **11.0 Graphics** 11.1. Initialization (4 hours) 11.2. Graphical mode11.3. Simple program using built in graphical function Reference Book:
1.0 "Let USC",;Yashavant Kanetker.
2.0 Programming with C; Gottfried 3.0 E.Balaguruswamy,"Programming in C",Tata McGraw –Hill. 4.0 E.Balaguruswamy "Graphic under C"

ENGINEERING DRAWING BEG145 ME

Semester	·									Year I
Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	9			71
ŀ	Hours/Wee	k	Final Inter					Internal Assessment		em
			Theo	ory	Practical		Theory	Practical	Total ⁄/arks	Remarks
							Marks	Marks		S
Ĺ	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
1	-	3	-	-	3 hrs	80	20	50	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To develop basic projection concepts and to develop sketching, drafting working drawings to facilitate communication.

1.0 Instrumental Drawing, Practices and Techniques:

- Description of drawing instruments and drawing techniques/ 1.1.
- Techniques of Instrumental Drawing e.g. pencil sharpening, securing paper, proper use of T-squares, triangles, erasing shields, French curves. 1.2.

2.0 Freehand Technical Lettering:

(3 hours)

2.1. Lettering strokes, letter proportions, use of pencils, inclined and vertical letters and numerals, upper and lower cases.

3.0 Dimensioning:

(2 hours)

- 3.1. Fundamentals of dimensioning, size and location dimensioning, use of scales, measurement units, reducing and enlarging scales.
- Placement of dimensions, aligned and unidirectional dimensioning, chain and parallel dimensioning.

4.0 Plane Geometrical Construction:

(9 hours)

- Bisecting and trisecting lines and angles, proportional division of lines, construction of pentagon, hexagon and any other polygons circumscribing or inscribing a circle, methods for drawing tangents and circular arcs.
- Methods for drawing ellipses, parabolas, hyperbolas.

5.0 Basic Descriptive Geometry:

(6 hours)

- Projection rays, source, Projection planes, Positioning of objects in three dimensional spaces.
- Projection of points, lines and planes in space.
- 5.3. Auxiliary views of lines and planes.
- 5.4. True length and angle of inclination of a line using revolution and auxiliary projection plane method.
- Parallel lines, Perpendicular lines. 5.5.
- 5.6. Shortest distance from a point to a line.
- 5.7. True shape of an oblique plane and angle of inclination with projection plane.

Multiview Drawings (Orthographic Projection):

(6 hours)

- Orthographic Projection
- Problems of Orthographic projection of objects without curved surfaces. 6.2.
- Problems of orthographic projection of objects with curved surfaces and holes.

7.0 Pictorial Drawing:

(4 hours)

- 7.1. Methods to draw Isometric Drawing
- 7.2. Methods to draw Oblique Drawing.

Introduction to AutoCad:

(4 hours)

- 8.1. CAD, CAM, CAD-CAM software.
- AutoCad commands, Drawing, Dimensioning, Modifying.
- 8.3. 3-D surface and solids.

Drawing Practicals: (2 hrs/Week)

- 1.0 Freehand technical lettering and use of drawing instruments.
- 2.0 Dimensioning.
- 3.0 Plane geometrical construction.
- 4.0 Basic descriptive geometry.
- 5.0 Basic descriptive geometry (contd.)
- 6.0 Orthographic projection.
- 7.0 Orthographic projection (contd.)
- 8.0 Pictorial drawing.

Textbooks and Reference Books:

- 1.0 W.J. Luzadder, "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing," Prentice Hall, 1981.
- 2.0 T.E. French, C.J. Vierck and R. J. Foster, "Engineering Drawing and Graphic Technology," Mcgraw Hill, 1981.

BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING BEG129 EL

Semester: I

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Tea	ching Sche	edule			Examinatio	n Schedule	е			П
	Hours/Wee	k		Final Internal Assessment				Tc Ma	em	
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal larks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	3	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: This course serves as the foundation course on Basic Electrical Engineering. After the completion of this course, students will be able to Analyse AC & DC Electric Circuits.

1.0 Basic Concept of DC Circuit:

(8 hours)

- 1.1. Concept of electric charge and current. Ohm's law its application and limitation.
- 1.2. Electric circuit, circuit elements
- 1.3. Resistance inductance and capacitance, their functional behavior, constructional features, mathematical descriptions
- 1.4. Introduction to voltage source and current source
- 1.5. Series and parallel connection of resistors
- 1.6. Series and parallel connection of sources effect of their internal resistance on the circuit characteristics
- 1.7. Star/delta transformation
- 1.8. Power and energy in DC current

2.0 Circuit Analysis:

(15 hours)

- 2.1. Kirchoff's laws-current law and voltage law, application, limitations
- 2.2. Superposition theorem, reciprocity theorem
- 2.3. Maxwell's loop current method
- 2.4. Nodal analysis of electric circuit
- 2.5. Thevenin's theorem
- 2.6. Norton' theorem
- 2.7. Maximum power transfer theorem

3.0 AC Circuit: (8 hours)

- 3.1. Faraday's law of Electromagnetic induction, Generation of sinusoidal alternating emf, terminologies used in AC Circuit
- 3.2. Sinusoidal AC, emf, phasor representation of AC, j-operator and its use in AC Circuit
- 3.3. R, L and C excited by AC source, R-L, R-C, R-L-C series circuits, Resonance phenomena, Power and power factor in AC circuit Instantaneous and average power, reactive and apparent power

4.0 Three Phase AC Circuit: (6 hours)

4.1. Generation of three phase AC emf wave form representation, use of j-operator, star and delta connection of source and load, line voltage and line current, phase voltage and phase current, balanced three phase system, calculation of current and voltage, measurement of power, Introduction to three phase four wire system

5.0 Transformers: (8 hours)

- 5.1 Magnetically coupled circuits
- 5.2 Effects of secondary current in ideal transformer
- 5.3 Transformer reactance and equivalent circuits
- 5.4 Air core Vs iron core transformers
- 5.5 Losses in transformer, open circuit and short circuit tests
- 5.6 Instrument transformers
- 5.7 Introduction to three phase transformers

Laboratory:

- 1.0 Basic electrical measurements and verification of ohms law
- 2.0 Series and parallel connection of resistors, verification of Kirchoff's laws
- 3.0 Measurement of power in Dc. Circuit using Wattmeter
- 4.0 Measurement of power in single phase AC circuit using wattmeter
- 5.0 Measurement of rms value, amplitude value, power factor by using oscilloscope
- 6.0 Measurement of power in three phase AC circuit
- 7.0 Series, resonance and parallel resonance
- 8.0 Perform a open and short circuit test on single phase transformer

References

- 1.0 SN Tiwarin and AS Gin Saroor, "A First Course in Electrical Engineering", AH Wheeler and Co. Ltd, Allahabad, India
- 2.0 BL Theraja and Ak Theraja, "A Text Book of Electrical Technology" S Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi India
- 3.0 V Del Toro "Principles of Electrical Engineering", Prentice Hall of India Ltd. New Delhi
- 4.0 IJ Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
- 5.0 PS Bhimbra, Electric Machinery, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II BEG102 SH

;	Semester	II									Year I
	Tea	ching Sche	edule			Examinatio	n Schedule	е			Z.
	H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al	Internal Assessment		Total Marks	lem	
		Theory		Practical		Theory Practical Marks Marks		otal	Remarks		
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	1	-	3 hrs	80			20		100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The basic objective of the course is to provide a sound knowledge of vectors, 3-D analytical geometry, Infinite series and ordinary differential equations.

- 1.0 Analytic Geometry of 3-D: Planes, Straight lines, and standard equation of sphere, cylinder and cone. (14 hours)
- 2.0 Infinite Series: Infinite series and sequences, convergence, ratio root and integral tests, absolute convergence, power series, radius of convergence.
 (6 hours)
- 3.0 Plane Curves and Polar Coordinates: Plane curves, parametric equations, polar coordinates, integral in the polar coordinates. (4 hours)
- 4.0 Vector Calculus: Differentiation and Integration of vectors, gradients, divergence and curl. (8 hours)
- 5.0 Differential Equations: First order differential equation, variable separation, homogeneous, linear and exact. Second order differential equations, linear equations with constant coefficient homogeneous equation with constant coefficients, general solutions, initial value problems, non-homogeneous equations, solutions in series, Legendre, Bessel equations.
 (13 hours)

Recommended Books:

- 1.0 Three-dimensional Geometry, YR Sthapit and BC Bajracharya
- 2.0 Algebra, GD Pant
- 3.0 A Text Book of Vector Analysis, MB Singh and BC Bajracharya
- 4.0 Integral Calculus and Differential Equations, GD Pant & GS Shrestha
- 5.0 Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Thomas and Finney, Narosa Publication House, India
- **6.0** Advanced Engineering Mathematics, E Kreyszig, 5th Edition, Wiley, New York

CHEMISTRY BEG 104 SH

Semester II Year I

Tea	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
H	Hours/Wee	k		Final Internal Assessment					Tot Mar	čem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	2	3 hrs	80	3	25	10	10	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: This course will develop the basic concepts of Physical Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry and Organic Chemistry relevant to problems in engineering.

(8 hours)

GROUP A (Physical)

1.0 Review lectures of Bohr Theory and Summer Field Theory:

- 1.1. Debroglie eq.
- 1.2. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle
- 1.3. Wave mechanical model of atom
- 1.4. Quantum No.
- 1.5. Aufbou principle shapes of s, p, d orbitals
- 1.6. Pauli's exclusion principle, Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity electronic confin of elements using s, p, d and forbitals
- 1.7. Stability of half filled and completely filled orbitals

2.0 Chemical Bonding: (6 hours)

- 2.1. Electrovalent, covalent and coordinate covalent bond
- 2.2. Hybridization, Metallic bone, hydrogen bonding, VSEPR
- 2.3. Theory, vander waals force trus, covalent Net Working
- 2.4. Crystal lattice, types of crystal

3.0 Electrochemistry: (10 hours)

- 3.1. Strong and weak electrolysis.
- 3.2. Ostwald's dilution law and its limitation.
- 3.3. pH and pH scale.
- 3.4. Common ion effect in ionic equilibria.
- 3.5. Buffer and pH of buffer.
- 3.6. Electrolytic cells and Galvanic cells.
- 3.7. Single electrode potentials and normal hydrogen electrode, electro-chemical series.
- 3.8. Nernst's equation and determination of electrode potential and cell potential under non-standard conditions.
- 3.9. Corrosions of metals and its prevention.

4.0 Introductory Thermodynamics: (8 hours)

- 4.1. Internal energy enthalpy and law of thermodynamics.
- 4.2. Relation between enthalpy change and change in eternal energy
- 4.3. Enthalpy of a reaction
- 4.4. Exothermic and endothermic rxn
- 4.5. Hess's law of constant heat summation
- 4.6. Enthalpy change from bond energy
- 4.7. Molar heat capacities, relation between Cp and Cv.
- 4.8. Variation of heat of reaction with temperature (Kirchhoff's equations)
- 4.9. Calorific values of fuels and food.

GROUP B (Inorganic)

1.0 Co-ordination Complexes: (5 hours)

- 1.1. Double Salt and Complex Salt
- 1.2. Werner's Co-ordination theory.
- 1.3. Nomenclature of Co-ordination complexes.
- 1.4. Electronic interpretation in co-ordination.
- 1.5. Bonding in co-ordination compounds only valence bond theory.
- 1.6. Applications of valence bond theory Octahedral complexes, tetrahedral complexes and Square planer complexes.
- 1.7. Application of co-ordination complexes

2.0 Transition Element: (6 hours)

- 2.1. Transition elements and their position in periodic table
 - 2.1.1 Characteristics properties of third transition metals with reference to
 - 2.1.2 Electronic Configuration, Metallic character, Variable Valency, Complex Formation, Magnetic properties, Alloy Formation, Catalytic Activity, Colour

3.0 Silicones – Properties and Uses: (1 hour)

4.0 Environmental Chemistry: (4 hours)

- 4.1. Introduction to Environment
- 4.2. Types of pollution-Air, water, soil and noise and their possible remedies

GROUP C (Organic) Types of Organic Reaction: (4 hours) 1.1. Substitution Reaction (SN1 and SN2 type) Addition Reaction 1.2. Elimination Reaction (E1 and E2 Reaction) 1.3. Rearrangement Reaction 1.4. 2.0 Stereochemistry: (3 hours) 2.1. Types of Stereoisomerism.2.2. Optical and Geometrical isomerism 3.0 Organometallic Compounds: (1 hour) 3.1. Preparation Props and uses of Grignard's reagent 4.0 Explosives: (1 hour) 4.1. Simple idea about low and high explosives.4.2. TNT, TNG and nitrocellulose preparation and uses. 5.0 Polymers & Polymerization: (3 hours) 5.1. Types of Polymerization reaction.5.2. Types of Polymers. 5.3. Synthetic fibers Polystyrene, Teflon, terylene or Dacron.

Recommended Books:

- 1.0 Selected topics in physical chemistry, Motikaji Sthapit
- 2.0 Principles of physical chemistry, Marron & Prutto
- 3.0 Essentials of physical chemistry, Bahl & Tuli
- 4.0 Advanced inorganic chemistry, Satyaprakash, RD Madan, GD Tuli
- 5.0 Concise Chemistry, JD Lee
- 6.0 Organic Chemistry, Morrison & Boyd
- 7.0 Organic Chemistry, BS Bahl

Practical Works in Chemistry:

- 1.0 To determine the alkalinity of the given sample of water (Two practical)
- 2.0 To determine the hardness of water sample
- 3.0 To determine the pH of different aqueous solutions using pH meter and preparation standard buffer solution acidic
- 4.0 To determine the amount of free chlorine in the given sample of water
- 5.0 To determine the condition in which corrosion takes place
- 6.0 To measure the quantity of charge required to deposit one mole of copper

BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING BEG 143 ME

Semester II Year I

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Tea	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	Final Internal Assessment				Tot Mar	ěm
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	3	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	50	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To make the students familiar with theoretical and applied field of mechanical engineering.

1.0.0 WORKSHOP TECHNOLOGY

1.1.0 Basic Tools, Hand operating operations and Measuring

(8 hours)

1.1.1 Basic Tools:

Hammer, screw drivers, punches, chisels, files, pliers, wrenches, hacksaws, bench vises, hand drills, taps.

1.1.2: Basic Hand Working Operations:

Sawing techniques, Filling to obtain required finishing surfaces, Tapping holes and threading rods, Sheet metal works, Safety.

1.2.0 Machine Tools:

(8 hours)

1.2.1 Introduction:

1.2.2 Lathes, Drilling & Milling Machine

Physical Construction, Working Principle, Tool Selection and Feed Rates, Lathe operations, Accessories, Safety.

1.3.0 Metal Joining:

(4 hours)

Soldering, Brazing, Gas welding, Arc welding, Safety

1.4.0 Measuring and Gagging:

Rulers, Scales, Depth gages, Micrometer, Vernier calipers, Dial indicators.

(3 hours)

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2.0.0 Applied Mechanics:

(12 hours)

- 2.1.1 Introduction
- 2.1.2 Concept of a particle, Rigid body, Principles of forces, Free body diagram, Equilibrium in two dimensions.
- 2.1.3 Distributed forces, Centre of gravity, Centroid of lines, areas and volumes.
- 2.1.4 Friction and Laws of Friction
- 2.1.5 Rectilinear and curvilinear motion of particles; position, velocity and acceleration.
- 2.1.6 Dynamics: Kinetics & Kinematics.

3.0. Mechanics and Properties of Solids:

(10 hours)

- 3.1 Stress, Strain, Stress-Strain diagram, Hooke's Law
- 3.2, Thermal stress
- 3.3 Principal Stress
- 3.4 Torsion
- 3.5 Bending of beams, Pure bending, Shearing force, Bending moment, Shearing force& bending moment diagrams.

Laboratories (3 hrs/week)

- 1.0 Bench tools and hand working operations
- 2.0 Lathe machine: facing, turning, drilling and boring
- 3.0 Sheet metal work
- 4.0 Gas and arc welding
- 5.0 Tension test
- 6.0 Refrigerator/ Heat Pump experiment

Textbooks and Reference Books:

- 1.0 B. S. Raghuwanshi, "A Course in Workshop Technology, Vol. I & II, " Dhanpat Rai & Co.(P) Ltd., 2002
- 2.0 J.R. Howell & R. O. Buckius, "Fundamentals of Engineering Thermodynamics," McGraw Hill Publishers, 1987
- 3.0 J.P. Holman, "Heat Transfer," McGraw Hill, 1981
- 4.0 E.P. Popov, "Engineering Mechanics of Solids," Prentice Hall Inc., Englewood Cliffs, N. J., 1990
- 5.0 F.P. Beer & E.R. Johnson, "Mechanics of Materials," McGraw Hill, 1981

ELECTRO-ENGINEERING MATERIALS BEG122 EL

Semester II Year I

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Tea	ching Sche	edule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	Tot Mar	ζem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objectives of this course to understand the properties of dielectric materials in static and alternating fields, to understand the properties of insulating and magnetic materials, and to understand the properties of conductors and semiconductors.

1.0 Theory of Metal:

(10 hours)

- 1.1. Elementary Quantum Mechanical Ideas. De Broglie's Equation, Einstein's Equation, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle
- 1.2. Free Electron Theory, Energy Well Model of a Metal
- 1.3. Band Theory of Solids, Electron Effective Mass, Energy Bands, Density of States
- 1.4. Collection of Particles, Boltzmann Classified Statistics, Fermi-Dirac Distribution Function
- 1.5. Fermi Energy, Metal-Metal Contact, The Seeback Effect and The Thermocouple
- 1.6. Thermionic Emission, Richardson—Dushman Equation, Field Assisted Emission, The Schottky Effect, Work Function

2.0 Free Electron Theory of Conduction in Metals:

(8 hours)

- 2.1. Thermal Velocity of Electron
- 2.2. Electron Mobility, Conductivity, Resistivity
- 2.3. Diffusion of Electron, Diffusion Coefficient, Einstein's Relationship between Mobility and Diffusion Coefficient
- 2.4. Chemical and Physical Properties of Common Conducting Materials (Ag, Cu, Al, Mn, Ni, etc)

3.0 Conduction in Liquid and Gases:

(3 hours)

- 3.1. Ionic Conduction in Electrolytes
- 3.2. Electrical Conduction in Gases, Electric Break Down

4.0 Magnetic Materials and Superconductivity:

(11 hours)

- Magnetisation of Matter, Magnetic Dipole Moment, Atomic Magnetic Moment Magnetisation Vector M, Magnetic Permeability and Susceptibility, Magnetising Field or Magnetic Field Intensity, H
- 4.2. Magnetic Material Classification, Diamagnetism, Paramagnetism, Ferromagnetism, Ferrimagnetism , Antiferromagnetism
- 4.3. Magnetic Domain Structure, Magnetic Domain, Domains Walls, Domain Wall Motion
- 4.4. Soft and Hard Magnetic Materials: Their Examples and Application
- 4.5. Superconductivity: Zero Resistance and Meissner Effect, Type I, Type II Superconductors, Critical Current Density

5.0 Dielectric Materials: (8 ho

- 5.1. Matter Polarisation and Relative Permittivity: Relative Permittivity Dipole Moment and Electronic Polarisation, Polarisation Vector P Local Field E-IOC and Clausius—Mossotti Equation
- 5.2. Polarisation Mechanism: Electronic Polarisation, Ionic Polarisation, Orientational Polarisation, Interfacial Polarisation, Total Polarisation
- 5.3. Dielectric Contract and Dielectric Losses Frequency and Temperature Effects
- 5.4. Dielectric Strength and Breakdown: Dielectric Strength Dielectric Breakdown and Partial Discharge in Gases Dielectric Breakdown and Partial Discharge in Gases Dielectric Breakdown in Solids
- 5.5. Ferro-Electricity and Piezoelectricity
- 5.6. Properties of Common Dielectric Materials like Glass, Porcelain, Polythene, PVC, Nylon, Bakelite, Mica, Transformer Oil, Paper etc

6.0 Semi-Conducting Materials:

(5 hours)

- 6.1. Electrons and Holes Conduction in Semiconductor, Electron and Hole Concentration
- 6.2. Extrinsic Semiconductor: N-Type Semiconductor, P-Type Semiconductor, Compensation Doping, Energy Band Diagram for Uniformly Doped and Graded P and N Type Materials
- 6.3. Generation and Recombination of Electrons and Holes, Concept of Lifetime
- 6.4. Diffusion and Conduction Equations Mobility and Diffusion Coefficients or Electron and Holes, Steady State Diffusion and Continuity Equations
- 6.5. Ideal PN Junction: No Bias, Forward Bias, Reverse Bias, PN Junction Band Diagram, Open Circuit (No Bias) Forward and Reverse Bias Metal Semiconductor Contract

Reference Books:

- 1.0 R.A. Colcaser and S. Diehl-Nagle, "Materials and Devices for Electrical Engineers and Physicists", McGraw-Hill, New York, 1985
- 2.0 R.C. Jaeger, "Introduction to Microelectronic Fabrication—Volume IV", Addison—Wesley Publishing Company, Inc, 1988
- 3.0 S.O. Karsap, "Principle of Electrical Engineering Device", McGraw Hill, 2000

COMPUTATIONAL SYSTEM &DATABASE CONCEPT. **BEG170 CO**

Semester II Year I

١	read	cning Sche	aule			Examination Schedule					ᄁ
	H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	To: Ma	(em
				Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	ıtal ırks	Remarks
ĺ	L T P Duration Marks			Marks	Duration	Marks					
	3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	50	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: After finishing this course student will be able to design database systems ,SQL language and other matlab computational operation.

1.0 Introduction to Matlab: (4 hours) 1.1. Matlab as {best} calculator 1.2. Standard Matlab windows Operations with variables 1.3.1 .Naming 1.3.2. Checking existence .Clearing Operations Application & Benefits of using OOP 1.3.3 Arrays (5 hours) 2.1 . Columns and rows: creation and indexing 2.2 .Size & length 2.3. Multiplication, division, power 2.4. Operations 3.0 Writing script files and Functions: (5 hours) 3.1 Logical variables and operators 3.2 Flow control 3.3 Loop operators 3.4 Input/output arguments 3.5 Function visibility, path. 3.6 Example: Matlab startup 4.0 Simple graphics (4 hours) 4.1. D plots 4.2. Figures and subplots Data and data flow in Matlab: (5 hours) 5.1. Data types 5.1.1 Matrix, string 5.1.2. Creating, accessing elements manipulating of data of different types 5.2. File Input-Output 5.2.1 Matlab files 5.2.2 Text files 5.2.3 Binary files Mixed text-binary files 5.2.4 5.3. Communication with external devices 5.3.1 Serial port 5.3.2 Parallel port 6.0 Handle graphics and user interface: (6 hours) 6.1. Pre-defined dialogs 6.2 Handle graphics 6.3 Graphics objects 6.4 Menu-driven programs 6.5 .Controls&Interactive graphics 6.6 . Large program logic flow 7.0 Introduction to DBMS: (3 hours) 7.1. Definition of database &database system 7.2. Characteristics of database approach 7.3.Advantage using DBMS 8.0 Concepts of Database systems: (5 hours) 8.1. Schemes and Instances 8.2. .Database language and interfaces 8.3. E-R model

8..4 Entity types Attributes, Keys, Relationship types

9.0 SQL& Normalization Steps

- 9.1. Introduction to SQL
- 9.2 Set operation
- 9.3 Null values
- 9.4. Queries, views
- 9.5. Join relation
- 9.6 Pitfalls of relational model 9.7.Functional dependencies(1FNF,2NF,3NF)

- Reference Books:

 1.0 RUDRA PRADAP, "GETTING STARTED WITH MATLAB".

 2.0 David Kuncicky, "MATLAB Programming ".

 3.0 H.F.Korth and A.Silberscratz, "Database System Concept

 4.0 C.J.Date, "An Introduction to Database System"

 5.0 STEPHANE FAROULD, "Art of SQL"

(10 hours)

DIGITAL LOGIC BEG139 EC

Semester II Year I

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	Tea	ching Sche	edule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
	ŀ	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	To Ma	ζem
				Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal	Remarks
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	50	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide fundamental of Digital electronics digital computer design and application of digital devices 1.0 Numbering Systems: (5 hours) 1.1. Introduction Comparison between Analog and Digital System 1.2. Number Conversion 1.3. Binary Arithmetic 1.4. 2.0 Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates: (6 hours) Boolean algebra basic theory and properties 2.1. Boolean functions 2.3. Logical operations Logical functions and gates 2.4. Application of gates Simplification of Boolean Functions: (6 hours) 3.1. K-map Two, three and four variable maps 3.3. Product of sums, sum of product simplification NAND and NOR Implementation 3.4. 4.0 Combinational Logic: (12 hours) 4.1. Design Procedure 4.2. Adders 4.3. Subtractors 4.4. Binary Parallel adder 4.5. Decimal adder Magnitude comparator 4.6. 4.7. Decoders and encoders Multiplexers and De Multiplexers 4.8. Read only memory 4.10. Programmable logic array (PLA) 5.0 Sequential Logic: (8 hours) 5.1. Flip-Flops 5.2. Triggering of Flip-flops Timing diagram Registers, Counters and the Memory Unit: (8 hours) 6.1. Registers 6.2. Shift Registers 6.3. Ripple counters 6.4. Synchronous counters 6.5. Memory unit Laboratory: 1.0 Familiarisation with Logic Gates 2.0 Encodes and Decodes

- 3.0 Multiplexer and De Multiplexer
- 4.0 Design of simple combination circuits
- 5.0 Design of adder/subtractor
- 6.0 Design of Flip-Flop
- 7.0 Clock Driven sequential circuits
- 8.0 Conversion of parallel data into serial format
- 9.0 Generation of timing signal for sequential system

References:

- 1.0 M Morris Mano, "Digital Logic and Computer Design" Pearson Education
- 2.0 Mano, Logic and computer design fundamentals
- 3.0 AP Malvino, Jerald A Brown, "Brown, "Digital Computer Electronics", 1995

YEAR II SEMESTER III & IV

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III BEG201 SH

Semeste	r III								Ye	ar II
Tea	ching Sche	edule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			77
ŀ	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	Total Marks	Remarks
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory	Practical	「otal 1arks	ark
							Marks	Marks		S
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	_	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	_	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The purpose of this course is to round out the student's preparation more sophisticated applications with an introduction of linear algebra, a continuous of the study of ordinary differential equations and an introduction to vector algebra.

Matrices and Determinant: (15 hours) 1.1. Matrix and determinant. Vector Spaces. Linear transformations 1.3. System of linear equations, Gauss elimination. Rank, matrix inversion. 1.5. Eigen values, eigen vectors. 2.0 Laplace Transformation: (9 hours) 2.1. Laplace Transorms. 2.2. Standard Transforms. 2.3. Inverse Laplace Transforms. Application to differential equations. 3.0 Line Integration: (6 hrs) Definition of Line Integration Evaluation of Line Integration 3.2. 3.3. Double Integration Transformation of double integrals into integrals rails beta gamma fun. Diritchet integral 4.0 Surface Integrals and Volume Integrals: (8 hrs) 4.1. Surfaces 4.2. Tangent planes, first fundamental form and area Surface Integrals 4.4. Volume integrals, Diritehet integrals 5.0 Integral Theorems: (7 hrs)

- Green theorem in the plane
- Triple integrals and divergence theorem of Gauss
- Cpm sequences and applications of the divergence theorems 5.3.
- Stoke's theorem
- Consequences and applications of Stoke's Theorem 5.5.
- Time Integrals and independence of path

Recommended Books:

- 1.0 Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 5the Edition, Wiley, New York
- 2.0 MN Guterman and ZN NIteeki, Differential Equations a First Course, 2nd Edition, Saunders, New York

BIO-ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND COMPONENTS BEG 2B1 BM

Semest	er III								Ye	ar II
Tea	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			ת
ŀ	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	ssessment	Total Marks	Remarks
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory	Practical	Total ∕larks	lark
							Marks	Marks		S
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
4	-	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

				inec	ЛУ	Piac	licai	Marks	Marks	
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks			
İ	4	-	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	ı	
	JRSE OBJE	ECTIVE: To in	troduce the p	roperties and sel	lection of diffe	erent materials	relevant to th	eir use as bion	naterials.	
1.0	1.1. Int 1.2. Bu 1.3. Su	es of Material troduction. ulk properties urface properti easurement to	of materials. les of materia	ls.					(6 hou	rs)
2.0	2.1. Bi	tion to Bio-material scie asses of mate	nce: An inter	disciplinary cours medicine.	se.				(1 hou	r)
3.0	3.2. St	eps in fabricat	tion of implan	nical properties a ts. sed in implants.	nd applicatior	ns of various m	etals relating	to biomaterials	(3 hou s.	rs)
4.0	4.2. Mo 4.3. So 4.4. Ch	s: ypes of polyme olecular weigh olid state polyme naracterization ydrogel.	nt and synthes mers and cop	sis.					(5 hou	rs)
5.0	5.1. Ty 5.2. Cu 5.3. Ph 5.4. Mo 5.5. Fa	bable and Bio ypes of degrace urrently availa hysical mecha echanism of cators influence orage stability	dable implants ble degradab nisms of bio- hemical degra ing the rate o	s. le implants. erosion. adation.					(5 hou	rs)
6.0	6.1. St 6.2. Ty 6.3. Cl 6.4. No 6.5. Po 6.6. Bi	rpes of bio-cer naracteristics a early inert crys prous ceramic oactive glasse	istry and propramics. and processiretalline cerames. es and glass of	perties of ceramic ng of bio-ceramic ics.	es.		cal devices.		(5 hou	rs)
7.0	7.2. St 7.3. Pt 7.4. Ct 7.5. Pr	fferent types of ructure of nation nysical modification nemical modification oteoglycans a	ve collagen. cation of the n cation of colla and glycosam	ative structure o	Ü	ans.			(5 hou	rs)
8.0	8.2. Re 8.3. Mi 8.4. Fa 8.5. Mi 8.6. Al	efinition of con einforcing syst atrix systems. abrication of fil	ems. per-reinforced physical proprix composite	perties of composes.	sites.				(4 hou	rs)
9.0		s, Grafts and							(2 hou	rs)

9.1. General Principals.
9.2. Methods for modifying the surfaces of materials for enhancing biological interactions.
9.3. The nature and production of plasma environment.
9.4. High energy and high temperature plasma treatments.

10.0 Fabrics: (3 hour) 10.1. Types of fabrics and their construction. 10.2. Processing and characteristics of major constructions. 10.3. Characterization, testing, and evolution. 10.4. Major biomedical applications. 11.0 Biologically Functional Materials: (2 hour) 11.1. Biologically active molecules. 11.2. Immobilization of biologically active molecules. 12.0 Natural Tissues: (3 hours) 12.1. Types of natural tissues, connective tissues, blood vessel, ligaments, and tendon. 12.2. Properties of natural tissues. 13.0 Biology, Biochemistry and Medicine: (4 hours) 13.1. Properties, their structure, properties and adsorption to surfaces. 13.2. Structure and properties of proteins relevant to adsorption. 13.3. Adsorption behavior of proteins as solid-liquid interfaces. 13.4. The importance of adsorbed proteins in biomaterials. 14.0 Testing of Biomaterials: (6 hours) 14.1. Introduction. 14.2. In vitro assessment of tissue compatibility, background concepts. 14.2.1. Assay methods. 14.2.2. Clinical use and new research directions. 14.3. In vivo assessment of tissue compatibility. 14.3.1. Implant sites. 14.3.2. Surgical protocol and form of implants, controls. 14.3.3. Evaluation of tissue reaction. 14.3.4. Criteria for assessing acceptability of the tissue response. 15.0 Degradation of Materials in Biological Environment:: (5 hours) 15.1. Introduction 15.2. Introduction to chemical and biochemical degradation of polymers. 15.3. Degradation effects of biological environment on metals and ceramics. 15.4. Corrosion. 15.5. Mechanical breakdown in the biological environment. 15.6. Pathologic calcification of biomaterials, prevention of calcification. 16.0 Perspectives and Possibilities in Biomaterials Science: (1 hour) **Text Books:** 1.0 Hand-outs will be given to students. Reference Books:

1.0 "Biomaterials Science", Ed by Buddy Ratner et. al, Academic Press, 1996

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY I BEG 2B2 BM

Semester III Year II

	-									
Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule)			77
H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	ssessment	To Ma	čem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
4 - 3			3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide knowledge of Human Anatomy & Physiology required for Biomedical Engineering.

1.0 Introduction to Human Body:

(3 hours)

- 1.1. Understanding of body design at structure-function level.
- 1.2. Interpretation of the molecular cell biology to the development of body organs & system.
- 1.3. Appreciation of the Control & regulation of body function.
- 1.4. Understanding of disease mechanism.

2.0 Introduction to the Chemistry of Life: Atoms, Molecules & Compounds. Biological Molecules & Body Fluids: (4 hours)

- 2.1. Understanding of ionic structures of different atoms, biological molecules in relation to body building
- 2.2. Outline salt-water balance of. Body
- 2.3. pH mechanism of body fluids. Acidosis & Alkalosis
- 2.4. Body fluids & their control

3.0 The Cells, Tissues & Organization of the Body, Disorder of the Cells & Tissues:

(4 hours)

- 3.1. Understanding of structure & function of different types of cells & tissues
- 3.2. Cell to cell transport mechanisms
- 3.3. Cell division
- 3.4. Development of organ-system
- 3.5. Abnormal development of cells & tissues
- 3.6. Tissue repair & regeneration

4.0 The Skin. Structure, Function & Disorder of Skin:

(5 hours)

- 4.1. General remarking of microscopic anatomy of skin
- 4.2. Histological study of Epidermis, dermis, hairs & glands
- 4.3. Pigmentation of skin
- 4.4. Functional roles of skin
- 4.5. Skin diseases
- 4.6. Burns & complications
- 4.7. Mechanism of wound repair

5.0 The Skeleton, Axial Skeleton & Appendicular Skeleton Bones. Diseases Related to Bones. Healing of Bones: (8 hours)

- 5.1. Outline Human Skeleton axial & appendicular views
- 5.2. Study of different Bone types
- 5.3. Understanding of bone components & histology of bone
- 5.4. Learning of Bone development or ossification of bone
- 5.5. Bone function
- 5.6. Anatomy of major Skull bones
- 5.7. Structure, arrangement & function of vertebral, thoracic limb & pelvic bone
- 5.8. Disorder of bone development. Bone tumors
- 5.9. Deficiency disease of bone. Bone infections
- 5.10. Healing of bone defects

$6.0 \quad \hbox{The joint. Types of Joints. Main synovial Joints of the Limbs. Disorders of Joints:}$

(8 hours)

- 6.1. Understanding the basic structure of joints
- 6.2. Differentiate the types of joints, fibrous, fixed & in relation to their movement
- 6.3. Characterize Synovial joints in relation to different parts of body
- 6.4. Joint diseases
- 6.5. Infectious, inflammatory diseases & metabolic joint diseases
- 6.6. Understanding joint repair

7.0 The Muscular System. Muscles of Face, Neck, Back, Abdominal Wall & Pelvic Floor. Diseases of muscles. Healing of muscle, Repair of Nerves Supplying Muscles: (10 hours)

- 7.1. Introduction to different types of muscle
- 7.2. Learning forms muscles at different parts of body
- 7.3. Microanatomy of skeletal muscle
- 7.4. Outline muscle functions
- 7.5. Understanding control of muscle contraction & relaxation
- 7.6. Assessment of muscle action
- 7.7. Diseases of muscular system. Trophic disorders of muscles
- 7.8. Repair of muscle trauma

8.0 The Nervous System. Neurons, CNS, Brain, Spinal Cord, Peripheral Nervous system. Autonomic Nervous System. Disorders of Brain, Spinal Cord & Peripheral Nervous System. Responses of Nervous Tissue to Injury: (10 hours)

- 8.1. Understanding the microanatomy of Nerve cell (neurons)
- 8.2. Arrangement of neurons. Types of neurons & their connections8.3. Functions of nerve cell. Impulse generation. Neuromuscular transmission
- 8.3. Functions of nerve cell. I8.4. List the types of nerves
- 8.5. Structure of Central Nervous system (CNS)

- 8.6. Identification of underlying areas of Brain
- Structural details of Peripheral Nervous system (PNS)
- 8.8. Outline the anatomical relationship of Autonomic Nervous system (ANS) to different parts of body. Types of ANS
- 8.9. Understanding of the function of CNS, PNS & ANS in relation to a computer function
- 8.10. Circulatory disorder of brain
- 8.11. Injury to nervous tissue & repair

9.0 The Special Senses. Hearing & Balance of Ear, Sight & Eye, Sense of Smell, Sense of Taste, Disease of Ear & Eye:

(8 hours)

- Structural details of Human ear, external ear, middle ear & internal ear
- Outline the functions of ear 9.2.
- 9.3. Understanding the hearing & balancing functions of the ear
- 9.4. Brief introduction of diseases of ear
- Structural details of Human eye 9.5.
- 9.6. Function details of eye
- 9.7. Eyesight physiology
- 9.8. General introduction of ocular diseases9.9. Brief study of sense of smell
- 9.10. Structure-function relationship of sense of taste

Laboratories:

- Study of Systematic relationship of Human body
- 2.0 Study of Histological structures of Skin
- 3.0 Study of structures of Skeletal, cardiac, & smooth muscle cells
- 4.0 Study of Histological structures of Spinal cord
- 5.0 Study of structures of Nerve cell
- 6.0 Study of structures of sense organs

1.0 Anatomy & Physiology in Health & Illness -Anne Waugh & Allison Grant, Ninth Edition

Reference Books:

- 1.0 Textbook of Physiology, C. Guyton, 6th Edition
- 2.0 Atlas of Anatomy, Anne MR Agur, Ninth Edition

FLUID MECHANICS BEG 2C5 BM

Semester III Year II

									-	-
Tead	ching Sche	dule		•	Examinatio	n Schedule)			77
ŀ	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	To Ma	ζem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3 1 3			3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide fundamental knowledge on fluid mechanics and give an idea on difference between blood and water flow.

1.0 Introduction: (5 Hrs)

- 1.1. Fluid Mechanics, Definition & Basic Concepts
- 1.2. Fluids, classification & properties

2.0 Fluid Pressure & Forces: (9 Hrs)

- 2.1. Pressure at a point in fluid
- 2.2. Equation of Fluid Statics
- 2.3. Pascal's Law
- 2.4. Atmospheric Pressure
- 2.5. Pressure Measurement Devices
- 2.6. Forces on submerged surfaces: Plane horizontal surface, plane vertical surface and inclined surfaces.
- 2.7. Center of Pressure & Pressure Diagrams

3.0 Buoyancy & Floatation: (5 Hrs)

- 3.1. Archimedes Principle
- 3.2. Principle of floatation, Meta center, Metacentric height determination
- 3.3. Conditions of Equilibrium
- 3.4. Fluid Mass Subjected to Acceleration (Translational & Rotational)

4.0 Fluid Kinematics: (8 Hrs)

- 4.1. Description of Motion: Lagarangian & Eulerain Methods, Lines of Flow
- 4.2. Types of Flow: Steady Flow-Unsteady Flow, Uniform Flow-Non Uniform Flow, Laminar Flow-Turbulent Flow, Compressible Flow- Incompressible Flow, Rotational Flow-Irrotational Flow
- 4.3. Discharge & Mean Velocity of Flow
- 4.4. One/Two/Three Dimensional Flows
- 4.5. Rotation & Vorticity
- 4.6. Equation of Continuity of Flow for One Dimensional Steady Flow

5.0 Dynamics of Flow: (8 Hrs)

- 5.1. Various Forces on Fluid
- 5.2. Euler's Equation of Motion, Bernoulli's theorem and Navier Stoke Equation
- 5.3. Energy of Steady Fluid Flow
- 5.4. Flow past submerged bodies, drag and lift forces
- 5.5. Concept of Boundary Layer
- 5.6. Flow Through orifices
- 5.7. Venturimeter and Orificemeter

6.0 Introductions on to Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer:

(10Hrs)

- 6.1. Introduction, System, Substances, Properties.
- 6.2. First Law of Thermodynamics.
- 6.3. Second Law of Thermodynamics (Kelvin-Planck Statement, Clausis statement, Entropy, Enthalpy, Heat Engine, Refrigerator, Coefficient of Performance.
- 6.4. Refrigerants: Classification and Properties.
- 6.5. Modes of Heat Transfer:
 - Conduction, convection and Radiation.
- 6.6. One-dimensional steady state Heat Conduction, Parallel and Series Heat Conduction.
- Free and Forced Convection.
- 6.8. Concept of Black Body Radiation, Emissivity, Absorptivity and Reflectivity.

Laboratory:

Six laboratory exercises will be performed in this course. These are:

- 1.0 Newton's law of viscosity
- 2.0 Verification of Bernoulli's theorem
- 3.0 Impact of flow jet
- 4.0 Flow through edged orifice

Tutorial:

1.0 Six assignments and two quizzes

Textbooks:

- 1.0 Dr. J. Lal, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulics", Metropolitan Books Co. Pvt Ltd., Delhi, 1987
- 2.0 R.J. Grade, "Fluid Mechanics"
- 3.0 Webster.f.P. Beer and E.R. Johnston, Jr., "Fluid Mechanics", 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1987

CELL BIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY BEG 2B3 BM

Semester III Year II

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Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			71
H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	To Ma	čem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	3 - 3		3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give the basics of cell biology & immunology required for biomedical Engineers.

1.0 CELL BIOLOGY: (6 hours)

- 1.1. Cell structure, function and biosynthesis of cell membrane and organelles
- 1.2. Cell growth, apoptosis and oncogenic transformation
- 1.3. Transport, receptors and cell signaling.
- 1.4. Cytoskeleton, extracellular matrix and cell movements
- 1.5. Chromatin structure

2.0 BIO MOLECULES: (6 hours)

- 2.1. Carbohydrates: Importance, general structure and examples of monosaccharides, disaccarides and polysaccharides, isomers
- 2.2. Lipid: Importance and general structure, glycerol, fatty acids, types of phospholipids
- 2.3. Proteins: Amino acids, peptide bonds, polypeptides: primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures of proteins; kinds of proteins; functions of proteins
- 2.4. Nucleic acids: Building components of nucleic acids, bases, sugars, phosphates, types of nucleic acids, structure of nucleic acids.

3.0 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETICS:

(8 hours)

- 3.1. Central Dogma: DNA, RNA and Protein synthesis
- 3.2. Mutation and Repair
- 3.3. Techniques of genetic engineering, Introduction, gene manipulation, gene cloning

4.0 IMMUNOLOGY: (18 hours)

- 4.1. An Introduction to Immunology
- 4.2. Antigen and antibody: Introduction, structure, type, function and its importance
- 4.3. Types of Antigen-Antibody reactions and its effect
- 4.4. Complement system: Complement and its component, Activation of complement system, Classical and alternate pathways
- 4.5. Development structure and function of immune system: Stem cells, central lymphoid organ
- 4.6. CMI and Humeral Immunity, Hypersensitivity, auto immunity

5.0 BLOOD: (3 hours)

- 5.1. Composition and Function
- 5.2. Identification and differentiation of different cells
- 5.3. Hemostasis

6.0 EUKARYOTES AND PROKARYOTES:

(4hours)

- 6.1. Microorganisms: Structure, growth and reproduction
- 6.2. Parasitology: Structure, growth and reproduction
- 6.3. Virology: Structure, growth and reproduction
- 6.4. Mycology: Structure, growth and reproduction

Laboratories:

- 1.0 Types of Microscope.
- 2.0 Microscopy for Prokaryotic and Eucariotic Cells.
- 3.0 Blood Cell Count.
- 4.0 Antingen/Antibody Reaction.
- 5.0 Microscopy for Bacterial Cells.

Textbooks and Reference Books:

- 1.0 Biochemistry by Albert Leningher
- 2.0 Textbook of Immunology by Ivan Roitl (Vol IV)
- Textbook of Biotechnologyy by R.C. Dubey.
- 4.0 Transmission and Distribution by JB Gupta
- 5.0 Anatomy and Physiology by Ross and Wilson

MICROPROCESSORS BEG237 EC

Semester III Year II

Tead	ching Sche	dule			Examinatio	n Schedule	Э			ת
H	Hours/Wee	k		Fin	al		Internal A	ssessment	To Ma	em (
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3 1 2			3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objective of this course is to provide fundamental knowledge to understand the operation, programming and application of microprocessor.

1.0 INTRODUCTION: (6 hours)

- 1.1. Evolution of microprocessor
- 1.2. Calculator and stored program computer
- 1.3. Von Neuman and Harvard architecture
- 1.4. Simple stored program computer architecture

2.0 MICROPROCESSOR INSTRUCTION:

(8 hours)

- 2.1. Register Transfer Language (RTL)
- 2.2. Instruction and machine cycle
- 2.3. Addressing modes: Direct, indirect, immediate, absolute, relative, indexed, register, stack and implied
- 2.4. RTL descriptions of data transfer instructions, arithmetic instructions, logical instructions, branch instructions, and miscellaneous instructions
- 2.5. Fetch and execution cycle, fetch-execution overlap
- 2.6. Timing diagram for register move, indirect read, indirect write and out instruction

3.0 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING:

(10 hours)

- 3.1. Assembler instruction format: Opcodes, mnemonics and operands
- 3.2. Assembler operation: Sample assembly language program and code generation, one pass and two pass assembly
- 3.3. Macro assemblers, linking assembler directives

4.0 BUS STRUCTURE AND MEMORY DEVICES:

(4 hours)

- 4.1. Bus structure, synchronous and asynchronous data bus, address bus, bus timing
- 4.2. Static and dynamic RAM, ROM
- 4.3. Programmable read only memory (PROM), ultraviolet electrically programmable memory
- 4.4. (UVEPROM) and electrically erasable programmable memory (EEPROM)
- 4.5. SRAM and ROM interface requirements

5.0 INPUT/OUTPUT INTERFACES:

(7 hours)

- 5.1. Serial Communication
 - 5.1.1. Asynchronous interface: ASCII code, baud rate, start bit, stop bit, parity bit
 - 5.1.2. Synchronous interface
 - 5.1.3. Physical communication standard
 - 5.1.4. 8251A programmable communication interface
 - 5.1.5. Parallel communication
 - 5.1.6. Data Transfer wait interface
 - 5.1.7. RS-232 and IEEE 488-1978 general purpose interface standard
 - 5.1.8. Keyboard and display controller

6.0 INTERRUPT:

(4 hours)

- 6.1. Introduction, interrupt vector and descriptor table
- 6.2. Interrupt service routine requirements
- 6.3. Interrupt priority: Maskable and Non-maskable interrupts, software interrupts, traps and exceptions
- 6.4. Vectored, chained and polled interrupt structures
- 6.5. Interrupts in parallel and serial interfaces

7.0 MULTIPROGRAMMING:

(4 hours)

- 7.1. Microprogramming, uniprogramming and multiprogramming
- 7.2. Process Management and semaphore
- 7.3. Common procedure sharing
- 7.4. Memory management and virtual memory

8.0 INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED MICROPROCESSOR ARCHITECTURE:

(2 hours)

Laboratory:

1.0 Laboratories exercises using the microprocessor trainer kit and assembler

References:

- 1.0 Ghosh, P.K., Sridhar PR, "0000 to 8085: Introduction to Microprocessors for Engineers and Scientists", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1997
- 2.0 Lance, A. Leventhal., "Introduction to Microprocessors: Software, Hardware and Programming", Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited 1995
- 3.0 Malvino, AP, "An Introduction to Microcomputers", Prentice Hall of India Ltd., 1995

APPLIED MATHEMATICS BEG 204 SH

Semester IV Year II

	100101 1	•							i oui	
T	eaching	<u> </u>			Examination	Schedule			T	
	Schedul			Fin	ıal		Internal A	ssessment	Total	Rem
Ho	Hours/Week		The	eory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	-	3 hrs	80			20		100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The aim of this course is to expose students to theory of complex variables, Fourier and Z-transforms applied to signal processing. The course also imparts the fundamental knowledge on Wave and Diffusion equations with coordinate systems.

Complex variables: 1.0 (6 hours)

- Function of complex variables 1.1.
- 1.2.
- Taylor series, Laurent series Singularities, Zeroes and Poles 1.3.
- 1.4. Complex integration
- Residues 1.5.

2.0 Transforms: (12 hours)

- 2.1. Diffusion of Z-transforms
- One sided and two sided transforms 2.2.
- Linear Time Invariant systems, response to the unit spike
- 2.4. Properties of Z-transforms
- Region of Convergence Relationship to Casualty 2.5.
- Difference equation and solutions of difference equations, Representation of system transfer function in Z-domain 2.6.
- 2.7. Inverse Z-transform
- 2.8. Parseval's Theorem

The Fourier series, Integral and Transform:

(15 hours)

- 3.1. Periodic functions, even and odd functions
- Fourier series for arbitrary range and for complex function
- 3.3. Magnitude and Phase Spectra
- 3.4. The Fourier integral, the inverse Fourier integral
- 3.5. Fourier and cosine Transforms
- Magnitude, energy and Phase spectrum

Partial Differential Equation:

(8 hours)

- Wave equation 4.1.
- 4.2. Diffusion equation
- Laplace equation and Spherical coordinates 4.3.

5.0 Linear Programming:

(4 hours)

- 5.1. Simplex method5.2. Canonical forms of solutions
- 5.3. Optimal values

References:

- 1.0 E. Keryszig. "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley, US
- 2.0 JG Prakis and DG Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing", Prentice Hall-India

ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS BEG 239 EC

	Sem	iester i	٧							Year	<u> </u>
ı	T	eaching	g			Examination	Schedule			T	
		chedul			Fin	al		Internal A	Assessment	Total	Rem
	Но	Hours/Week		The	eory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks					
ĺ	3	3 1 2 3 hrs 80		-	-	20	25	125			

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To build on the material presented in SEMI CONDUCTOR DEVICES to include the fundamentals of analog integrated. circuit (IC) operation. Particular attention will be directed toward useful frequency range. Regulated power supplies, power amplifiers and relaxation and sinusoidal oscillators will be discussed.

OSC	cillators will be discussed					
1.0	Semiconductor Diodes:	(A hours)				
1.0		(4 hours)				
	1.1 Ideal Diode.					
	1.2 Semiconductor Diode and Equivalent Circuit.					
	1.3 Reverse Recovery Time.					
	1.4 Load line Analysis.					
	1.5 Zener Diode					
2.0	Bipolar Junction Transistor:					
	2.1 Construction and Operations.	(6 hours)				
	2.2 Transistor Configurations.					
	2.3 Dc-Biasing.					
	2.4 Transistor Switching Network.					
	2.4 Hansisto Switching Network.					
3.0	Field Effect Transistor:	(5 hours)				
	3.1 Junction Field Effect Transistor (JFET)					
	3.1.1 Construction and Characteristics.					
	3.1.2 Transfer Characterization.					
	3.2 Metal Oxide Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET)					
	3.2.1 Depletion Type MOSFET.					
	3.2.2 Enhancement Type MOSFET.					
	3.3 FET Biasing					
	5.5 I LT bidshift					
4.0	Operational Amplifier Circuits:					
	4.1. Bias circuits suitable for IC design.	, ,				
	4.2. The widlar current source.					
	4.3. The differential amplifier.					
	4.4. Active loads.					
	4.5. Output stages.					
6.0	Operational Amplifier Characterization:	(8 hours)				
	6.1. Input offset voltage.					
	6.2. Input bias and input offset currents.					
	6.3. Output impedance.					
	6.4. Differential and common-mode input impedances.					
	6.5. DC gain, bandwidth, gain-bandwidth product.					
	6.6. Common-mode and power supply rejection ratios.					
	6.7. Higher frequency poles, setting time.					
	6.8. Slew rate.					
	6.9. Noise in operational amplifier circuits.					
	D 0 " 1V" D 1	(0.1				
7.0	Power Supplies and Voltage Regulators:	(6 hours)				
6.0	7.1. Half-wave and full-wave rectifiers.					
	7.2. Capacitive filtering.					
	7.3. Zener diode voltage regulators.					
	7.4. Series transistor-zener diode voltage regulators.					
	7.5. Series transistor-zener diode-constant current diode voltage regulators.					
	7.6. Voltage regulators with feedback.					
	7.7. IC voltage regulations.					
0.0	Hatuard and Turad Dawar Amalifians	/0 harres				
8.0	Untuned and Tuned Power Amplifiers:	(8 hours)				
	8.1. Amplifier classification.					
	8.2. Direct-coupled push-pull stages.					
	8.3. Transformer-coupled push-pull stages.					
	8.4. Tuned power amplifiers.					
	8.5. Power dissipation considerations.					
9.0	Filter Circuits:					
	9.1. LC Filters	(2 hours)				
	9.2. RC Filters					
	9.3. Active Filters					
	J.J. F10(170 11(013					

- <u>Laboratory:</u>
 1.0 I-V characteristics of semiconductor and Zenor diode.
- 2.0 Input/output characteristics of BJT (NPN and PNP).
- 3.0 Study of a discrete component operational amplifier realization.
- 4.0 Commercial operational amplifier characterization.
- 5.0 Power amplifiers.
- 6.0 Regulated power supplies.

- References:

 1.0 W. Stanely, "Operational amplifiers with linear integrated circuits", Charles E. Merrill publishing company, Toronto, 1984.

 2.0 J.G. Graeme, "Application of operational amplifiers: third generation techniques", the burr-Brown Electronic series", McGraw-Hill, New York, 1973.
- P.E. Allen and D.R. Holberg, "CMOS Analog Circuit Design", Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., New York, 1987. A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits", 2nd Edition, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., New York. 3.0
- 4.0

SOCIOLOGY BEG299 MS

Semester IV Year II

	Teaching Schedule			Examination Schedule							71
	Hours/Week		Final			Internal Assessment		To Ma	em		
			Theory		Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal	Remarks	
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	-	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

(14 hours)

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To introduce the sociological aspects relevant to societies.

1.0 INTRODUCTION: (4 hours)

- 1.1. Definition of Sociology
- 1.2. Evolution of Sociology
- 1.3. Relationship of Sociology with other Social Sciences
- 1.4. Application of Sociology in addressing contemporary issues

2.0 LANGUAGE OF SOCIOLOGY:

- 2.1. Society and Culture
- 2.2. Tribe, Caste and Ethnicity
- 2.3. Community and Institutions
- 2.4. Homogenous & Heterogeneous
- 2.5. Norms and Values
- 2.6. Cooperation and Conflict
- 2.7. Status & Roles
- 2.8. Competition & Conflict
- 2.9. Association and Group

3.0 FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS IN SOCIOLOGY: (14 hour)

- 3.1. Social System
- 3.2. Social Structure: family, caste and ethnic group, religious festivals
- 3.3. Social Process
- 3.4. Socialisation
- 3.5. Social and Cultural Change
- 3.6. Social Stratification
- 3.7. Social Problem and Social Control

4.0 NEPALESE CULTURE AND SOCIETY: (12 hour)

- 4.1. Historical ideological and political dimension of Nepalese culture and society
- 4.2. Caste System in Nepal
- 4.3. Ethnic groups and interrelationship among them
- 4.4. Religions and festivals in Nepal
- 4.5. Social stratification in Nepalese Societies on the basis of Caste, gender, ethnicity and age

5.0 COMMUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT:: (16 hours)

- 5.1. Meaning
- 5.2. Nature and History
- 5.3. Development Approaches
- 5.4. Community organising for people's empowerment
- 5.5. Communications and community Education
- 5.6. Community mobilization
- 5.7. Indigenous and appropriate Technology
- 5.8. Ecology and Environment
- 5.9. Community Participation in Development Activities
- 5.10. Gender indifferences and role of Women in energy conservation and development, social cycle, modernisation and globalization
- 5.11. Application of knowledge of sociology with special reference energy, policy, legal issues and practices, identification of issues and resolution

Recommended Books

- 1.0 Inkels Alex, "What is Sociology? Introduction in the discipline and profession", Prentice Hall of India
- 2.0 Foster GM, "Traditional Culture and Impact of Technological Change"
- 3.0 Mair L, "Applied Sociology, Anthropology"
- 4.0 Gsanlender AW, "Applied Sociology and Opportunity Problems"
- 5.0 Regmi Rishikeshav Raj, "Dimension of Nepali Society and Culture"
- 6.0 Gurung Santa Bahadur, "Rural Development Approach in Nepal" Deva Publications Kathmandu

BIOMECHANICS BEG 2C1 BM

Semester IV Year II

	ching Sche Hours/Wee				Examinatio	n Schedule	1	laaaamant	~ _	Re
Г	10ui 5/ Wee	ĸ	Fin Theory		al Practical		Internal Assessment Theory Practical Marks Marks		⊺otal 1arks	Remarks
L	L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
4 1 -			3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide basic mechanical features of Human Body and Tissues

Force in Joint: (12 hour) 1.

Classification of Joints

Forces in Elbow, Shoulder, Hip, Knee, Spine, Ankle and Wrist

Skeletal Biology: (6 hours)

Introduction

Composition of bone, Quantitative representation

Mechanical Significance and organization of Articular Cartilage

Longitudinal growth of bone Modeling and Remodeling of bone

Fracture healing

Mechanical Properties of Tissues: (8 hours)

Bone

Ligaments

Tendon

Mechanics of Soft Tissues: (6 hours)

Collagen

Elastin

Thermodynamics of elastic deformation

Behavior of soft tissues

Quasi-Linear Viscoelasticity

Concept of pseudo-elasticity

Synovial Joint Mechanics: (6 hours)

Introduction

Mechanical Properties of Cartilage

Lubrication of joint

Muscle Mechanics: (6 hours)

(8 hours)

Cardiac muscle

Skeletal muscle

Modalities of Elastic and Viscoelastic Solids, Constitutive Equations,

Stress, Strain Tensors

Constitutive Equation for Viscous fluid& Hookean elastic soild

Viscoelasticity and Mechanical models

Introduction to Bio-Fluid Mechanics (8 hours)

Introduction to Bio-fluid

Basics of Blood Rheology

Blood Flow in Vessels & its Measurement

Biomechanics-Mechanical Properties of Living Tissues Y.C. Fung

Skeletal Tissue Mechanics, Martin, Burr & Shatkey

Basic Biomechanics, Susan J Hall

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY RM 2C8 BM

Seme	ster IV								<u> </u>	'ear II
1	Teachin	ıg		Exam	ination Sched	lule			Total	
	Schedu			Final		Internal Assessment				
Ho	ours/We	eek		Theory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
2	1	-	1.5 hrs	40	-	-	10	-	50	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To give the basic concepts on research, proposal and report writing methods for biomedical engineers.

	•		
1.0	INTRODUCTION: Scientific	c research process, steps, research protocol and ethics of medical research	(3 hours)
2.0	RESEARCH METHODOLO 2.1 Introduction an 2.2 Types of Rese 2.3 Validity and Re	d Definitions arch :Applied Vs Fundamental, Quantitavive Vs Quantitative, Conceptual Vs Empirical .	(6 hours)
3.0	3.2 Types of Rese	urpose and characteristics of a good research design arch design; Conventional, Historical, Descriptive, Developmental, Action, Field study, ntal, Evaluation, Ex-Post facto, Correlation, Casual comparative, Case study, udy research.	(3 hours)
4.0	4.1 Objective and 4.2 Techniques of 4.3 Source and qu 4.4 Types of meas		(6hours)
5.0	MEAN, MEDIAN AND STA 5.1 Definition. 5.2 Different metho 5.3 T-test & Z-test	od of calculation of mean, median and standard deviation.	(6 hours)
6.0	6.5 Introduction to 6.6 Types of research	ı. lem. othesis. earch proposal. report writing.	(6 hours)

- Textbooks and References:

 1.0 Research Methodology by P.R. Joshi.
 2.0 Basic Methods of Medical Research by A.Indrayan.

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY II BEG 2B4 BM

Semester IV Year II

Taa	ching Sche	ماييام								
	Hours/Wee			Fin	Examinatio al	ii ocheduk		Assessment	To Ma	Rem
			Theo	ory	Prac	tical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	otal arks	Remarks
L	L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
4 - 3		3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125		

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide knowledge of Human Anatomy & Physiology required for Biomedical Engineering.

BRIEF REVISION OF BLOOD COMPONENT. HAEMOSTASIS & THROMBOSIS. DISORDERS OF BLOOD COAGULATION. BLOOD CELLS **DISORDERS:** (3 hours)

- Brief revision of blood components. 1.1.
- Revision of blood functions 12
- 1.3. Learning of haemostatic mechanisms
- Effect of thrombus formation on blood vessels 1.4.
- Review of Blood coagulation & disorders
- Outline blood cell disorders 1.6.

THE CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM. BLOOD VESSELS, BLOOD PRESSURE, PULSE & CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD: (12 hours)

- Understanding of Anatomy of heart & blood vessels.
- 2.2. Study of blood supply of heart or coronary circulation
- Blood circulation from different organs to the heart & from the heart to different organs. 2.3.
- 2.4. Pulmonary circulation
- Portal circulation 2.5.
- 2.6. Introduction of capillary circulation, internal respiration & cell metabolism
- Outline the heart functions 2.7.
- Understanding of cardiac cycle, cardiac output & blood pressure 2.8.
- Learning of conduction system of heart 2.9.
- 2.10. Brief understanding of heart diseases
- 2.11. Study of the disorders of blood vessels
- 2.12. Understanding of disorders of blood pressure

THE LYMPHATIC SYSTEM. LYMPH, LYMPH VESSELS, LYMPHATIC ORGANS & TISSUE:

(3 hours)

- Understanding of the component of lymph
- Structure of lymph vessels
- Structure-function relationship of spleen 3.3.
- 3.4. Thymus gland & its role
- 3.5. Brief understanding of lymphatic, spleen & thymus gland diseases

THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, NOSE, NASAL CAVITY, PHARYNX, LARYNX, TRACHEA, BRONCHI, LUNGS. RESPIRATION. DISORDER OF **UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT, BRONCHI & LUNGS:** (8 hours)

- Understanding of Anatomy-physiological relationship of upper respiratory tract
- Structure & functions of Bronchial tree 4.2.
- 4.3. Lungs & its topography. Pleura & pleural cavity
- 4.4. Learning of lung functions
- 4.5. Mechanism of breathing, types of breathing & control of respiration Composition of air 4.6.
- 4.7.
- Understanding of Ventilation & Lung volumes
- Gas transfer & diffusion 4.8.
- Bronchial disorders 4.9.
- 4.10. Abnormal lung functions

5.0 THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM, ORAL CAVITY. DIGESTION, ABSORPTION & METABOLISM. DISEASES RELATED TO DIGESTIVE SYSTEM:

(10 hours)

- Structure of oral cavity & underlying glands
- Teeth systems, functions & abnormalities of teeth 5.2.
- Structure of alimentary system
- 5.4. Functions of stomach, intestine & role of smooth muscle of gut
- 5.5. Understanding of digestion, secretion & absorption capacity of gut
- Structure-function relationship of liver, billiary tract & gall bladder 5.6.
- 5.7. Pancreas & its functions
- 5.8 Revision of Metabolic functions of body
- 5.9. Digestive system disorders
- 5.10. Pancreatic & hepatic disorders

6.0 THE URINARY SYSTEM. KIDNEY, URETERS, URINARY BLADDER, BLADDER, URETHRA. DISEASE RELATED TO SYSTEM: (8 hours)

- Topography of Kidneys
- Microanatomy of kidney 6.2.
- Role of kidney in salt-water balance 6.3.
- Structure-function relationship of ureter, bladder & urethra 6.4.
- Control of bladder function 6.5.
- Abnormalities of kidney functions 6.6.
- Renal & urinary diseases

7.0 THE ENDOCRINE SYSTEM. PITUITARY, THYROID, ADRENAL, PANCREAS, PINEAL & THYMUS GLAND: 7.1. Structures-function relationship of Hypothalamus & Pituitary gland 7.2. Thyroid gland & its role in metabolic & electrolyte control of body 7.3. Parathyroid gland & its role in body function 7.4. Pancreas as an Endocrine organ 7.5. Structure of Adrenal glands & their control in the body 7.6. Pineal gland as a biological clock 7.7. Introduction to Thymus gland 7.8. Diseases related to Pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas & adrenal glands

8.0 REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM. MALE & FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS. DISEASES RELATED TO SEX ORGANS. (8 hours)

- 8.1. Structure of female reproductive tract
- 8.2. Structure-function relationship of Vagina, Uterus and Fallopian Tubes
- 8.3. Outline the anatomy of ovaries and its functions
- 8.4. Understanding of Puberty, Menstrual cycle and Menopause in female
- 8.5. Learning of breast structure and functions
- 8.6. Structure of male reproductive tract
- 8.7. Glandular function of male reproductive system
- 8.8. Topographical relationship of Spermatogenesis and circulation
- 8.9. Prostate gland and its function
- 8.10. Puberty and Ejaculatory function in male
- 8.11. Abnormalities of female reproductive system
- 8.12. Fertility disorders
- 8.13. Diseases of male reproductive system
- 8.14. Male infertility

Laboratories:

- 1.0 Study of Systematic relationship of Heart and Cardiovascular System
- 2.0 Histological studies of blood cells
- 3.0 Study of Systematic relationship of respiratory system
- 4.0 Histology of Lungs tissue
- 5.0 Study of Systematic relationship of digestive system
- 6.0 Histology of intestine
- 7.0 Study of Systematic relationship of urinary system
- 8.0 Histology of nephrone
- 9.0 Study of Systematic relationship of endocrine system
- 10.0 Histology of pancreas and adrenal gland
- 11.0 Study of Systematic relationship of reproductive system
- 12.0 Histology of ovaries and testes.

Textbooks

1.0 Anatomy & Physiology in Health & Illness –Anne Waugh & Allison Grant, Ninth Edition

YEAR III SEMESTER V & VI

PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS BEG 304 SH

Cama	-4- × \/				BEG 304 S	Н			,	Year II
Seme:	Teachin	na			Examination S	chedule			Ι	rear II
	Schedu			Final		oriodaic	Internal A	ssessment	- Tota	Re
Н	ours/We	eek	Th	eory	Pract	ical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Total Marks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	
1.0 Intr 1.1. 1.2. 1.3. 1.4.	An over Pictorial Measure	view of p and Tab	ation: mean, media		ntiles etc				(4 hours	s)
2.0 Pro 2.1. 2.2. 2.3. 2.4.	Axioms, Countin	spaces a		ies of probability					(4 hours	s)
3.1. 3.2. 3.3. 3.4. 3.5. 3.6. 3.7.	Random Probabi Expecte The bind Hypothe The hyp	n Variable lity distribed values omial pro esis testir per geom	es putions for random of discrete randon bability distribution g using the binom	n variables inal distribution binomial distribution					(6 hours	s)
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5	Continu Cumula The nor The Gar	ous rand	om variables and plotions are ibution functions are ibution ribution	robability Distribu probability density f ad expected values	unctions	ndom variable	s		(6 hours	s)
5. 0 Joi 5.1. 5.2. 5.3. 5.4.	Jointly of Expecte Sums a	listributed d values	stributions and Rad random variables , covariance and c ges of random variatheorem	orrelation					(4 hours	s)
6.0 Poi 6.1. 6.2.		Seneral c	oncepts of point es t Estimation	timation					(2 hours	s)
7.0 Hyp 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6	Tests all Large-s Large-s The t-te Test pro	cout the incomple test ample test	Procedures Base mean of a normal p st for population m st for a population va for a population va s on selecting a tes	ean. proportion riance	nple:				(5 hours	s)
8.1. 8.2. 8.3. 8.4.	z-tests f The two Analysis	or differe sample of paire	t-test. d data.	mples: population means. pulation proportions					(4 hours	s)
9.1. 9.2. 9.3. 9.4.	Large-s Confide	lence inte ample int nce inter	tervals for population vals for population						(3 hour	rs)
	ple Line	ar Regre	ession and Correl						(4 hours	s)

10.1. The simple linear probabilistic model and principle of least square.
10.2. Correlation and the coefficient of determination.
10.3. Interfaces about the slope parameter beta 1
10.4. Interfaces concerning um sub x, y and the prediction of future values

(3 hours)

- 11.0 The Analysis of Categorical Data:
 11.1. Goodness of fit tests when category probabilities are completely specified
 11.2. Goodness of fit for composite hypothesis
 11.3. Two way contingency tables

Reference Book:

1.0 Jay L. Devore, "Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences", Books/Cole Publishing Company, Monterey, California, 1982.

NUMERICAL METHODS **BEG 389 CO**

Semester V Year III

	Teachin	g		E	Examination S	Schedule			T	
	Schedule Hours/Week			Final			Internal A	ssessment	Total	Rem
Н	ours/We	ek	Tł	neory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	ıarks
L	T	Р	Duration Marks		Duration	Marks				
3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	50	150	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To solve the engineering problems by using the theory of numerical computational procedures. 1.0 Introduction: (2 hours) 1.1. Introduction to numerical method Needs of numerical method 1.2. 1.3. Number and their accuracy 1.4. Errors (Absolute, Relative, rounding off error, truncation error, general error formula) 1.5. Convergence 2.0 Solution of Nonlinear Equations: (8 hours) 2.1. Introduction 2.2. Graphical method 2.3. The iteration methods 2.4. The bisection method 2.5. Newton Raphson method 2.6. Secant method 2.7. Fixed point iteration 2.8. Zeros of polynomials by Horner's method Interpolation: (10 hours) 3.1. Introduction 3.2. Polynomial forms 3.3. Linear interpolation 3.4. Lagrange's interpolation polynomial Newton's interpolation and divided differences. 3.5. Spline interpolation 3.6. 3.7. Chebyshev interpolation polynomial 3.8. Least squares method of fitting continuous and discrete data or functions **Numerical Differentiation and Integration:** (5 hours) 4.1. Introduction Numerical differentiation 4.2. 4.3. Numerical integration Numerical double integration 4.4. **Matrices and Linear Systems of Equations:** (10 hours) 5.1. Introduction 5.2. Review of the properties of matrices Solution of linear systems direct methods 5.4. Solution of linear systems-interactive methods The Eigenvalue problem 5.6. Singular value decomposition **Numerical Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations:** (7 hours) Introduction Euler's method for solving ordinary differential equations of 1st order 6.2. Runga-Kutta methods 6.3. Prediction-Corrector methods 6.4. Simultaneous and higher order equations 6.5. Initial value problems 6.6. 6.7. Boundary value problems **Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations:** (3 hours) 7.1. Introduction 7.2. Finite-difference approximates to derivatives Laplace's equation 7.3. 7.4. Parabolic equations

7.6. Laboratories:

7.5.

There shall be 12 laboratory exercises using high level programming language

Iterative methods for the solution of equations

References:

- 1.0 V Rajaraman, "Computer Oriented Numerical Methods"
- 2.0 SS Sastry, "Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis

Hyperbolic equation

3.0 S. Yakwitz and F. Szidarovsky, "An introduction to Numerical Computations", 2nd edition, Macmillan Publishing Co., New York.

MEASUREMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION BEG 3C3 BM

Semester V Year III

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Teac	hing Sch	edule			Examination	Schedule			Ţ	
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			Theo	ry	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
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3	1	+	2	3 hrs	80	_	_	20	25	125
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Co	urse ob	jective	e: Con	nprehensive Knowle	edge on Measure	ment Techniques and	d Instrument Des	sign for Biomedical	Applications.	
						·				
	1.0			ent and Error:					(8 H	our)
		1.1 1.2		racy and Precision ficant Figures						
				s of Error						
				stical Analysis						
				ability of Errors						
		1.6		ing Érrors						
	2.0			ents and Control I					(3 H	our)
		2.1				Control by Analog sy				
		2.2	Phys		rvisory Control	Control by Digital sys	stem			
					t Digital Control					
	3.0	Intro	ductio	on to Human Instru	ıment System				(1 h	ırs)
	4.0	Tran	sduce	rs and Sensors:					(181	Hour)
		4.1		eral Transducer/Sei	nsors Characteris	tics			(,
		4.2		sducer/Sensor Clas						
		4.3	Mech	nanical Sensors:						
						n or Position Sensors	;			
					Sensors					
					n Sensors					
					ure Sensors Sensors					
						ues of Physiological	Variables using l	Mechanical Senso	ire	
						Instrument Developr			10	
		4.4	Ther	mal Sensors:						
					and Resistance	vs. Temperature Dev	ices			
					nistors					
					nocouples					
					tal Strip	C				
					State Temperatu n Considerations					
						ues of Physiological	Variables using	Thermal Sensors		
						Instrument Developr				
		4.5	Optio	al Sensors:						
			·	4.5.1 Fund	amental of EM ra	diation				
					detectors					
				4.5.3 Pyror						
						eir medical Application		0.11.00.00.00		
						ues of Physiological Instrument Developr				
		4.6	Fiber	Optic Sensors:	ept of biomedical	matrament bevelopi	nent using Optica	ai Selisois		
		1.0	1 1001	•	Optic Basics					
					ification of Fiber	Optic Sensors				
					sity-Modulated Se	ensors				
					e Modulated Sens	sors				
					rally Modulated S					
					outed Fiber Optic					
						of Fiber optic Senso ues of Physiological		Eibar Ontia Sansai	re	
						Instrument Developr			.5	
				4.0.0	opt of Biomodical	motiument bevelopi	nont doing i loor	Optio Octionio		
	5.0	Anal		ınal Conditioning:					(4 H	our)
		5.1		iple of Analog Sign						
		5.2		al Level Bias Chang	jes					
				arization Persion						
		5.5		and Impedance M	atching					
		5.6		ept of Loading						
		5.7		mp Circuits in Instr	umentation					
		5.8		elines for Analog S		g Design				
				-						

6.0 Digital Signal Conditioning:6.1 Review of Digital Fundamentals

- 6.2 Digital to Analog Conversion Process and Networks (DACs):
 - 6.2.1 Standard DAC Principle with Binary Input
 - 6.2.2 Conversion Resolution, Reference Voltage and Step Size
 - 6.2.3 DAC Circuit using Binary Weighted Resistor
 - 6.2.4 R-2R Ladder Network for DAC
- 6.3 Analog to Digital Conversion Process and Networks (ADCs):
 - 6.3.1 Standard ADC Principle with Analog Input
 - 6.3.2 Conversion Resolution, Reference Voltage and Step Size
 - 6.3.3 Counter Type ADC
 - 6.3.4 Ramp ADC
 - 6.3.5 ADC using Successive Approximation Technique
 - 6.3.6 Flash Type ADC
- 6.4 Data Acquisition System

7.0 Output Devices, Display and Recording Systems:

(3 Hour)

- 7.1 Indicators, Meters
- 7.2 Interfacing to Computers and Networks
- 7.3 Mimic Boards and Displays

Laboratory Experiments:

Instrumentation Amplifiers

Performance measurements, sensitivity, accuracy, drift, noise, frequency response, input and output impedance

Transducers and Sensors

 Design and test a practical circuit to measure the variable like temperature, pressure, light intensity, displacement, and strain and other biophysical variables using the appropriate sensors.

Analog/Digital Conversion

- Examination of A/D and D/A conversion systems.

Text Books:

- 1. Albert D. Helfrick and William D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Technique" PHI.
- 2. C.S. Rangan, G. R. Sarma, and V. S. V. Mani, "Instrumentation Devices and Systems" Tata McGraw Hill.

References:

- 1. D.M. Considine, "Process Instruments and Controls Handbook", 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1985.
- S. Wolf and R.F. M., Smith, "Students Reference Manual for Electronic Instrumentation Laboratories", Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1990.

CONTROL SYSTEMS **BEG 329 EL**

Semester V Year III

	Notification 1									/u: :::
	hing Sch				Examination	Schedule			T	
H	lours/We	ek		Fina	al		Internal As	ssessment	Total	₹em
			The	eory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	T P Duration Marks		Duration	Marks						
3	3 1 3 3 hrs 80		80	20 25		25	125			

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide knowledge on feedback control principles and to apply these concepts to control processes. Introduction (4 hour) 1.1. Definition of control systems Examples of biomedical equipments control techniques 1.2. 1.3. Concept of feedback Closed loop and open-loop systems 1.3.1 Types of sytems: 1.4.1 Linear system 1.4.2 time-invariant system 1.4.3 Stable system System Modeling: (13 hour) Differential equation and transfer function State-space formulation of differential equations, matrix notation Mechanical components: mass, spring, damper Electrical components: 2.4.1. Inductance, capacitance, resistance, tachometers, transducers and operational amplifier 2.4.2. DC Motors: 2.4.2.1. Torque/speed characteristics of shunt, series and compound field motors 2.4.2.2. Armature reaction and motor operation 2.4.2.3. Starting and speed control of motors, armature voltage and shunt field control 2.4.3. DC Generators: 2.4.3.1. Voltage/speed/load characteristics 2.4.3.2. Shunt, series and compound field machines 2.4.3.3. Automatic voltage regulation 2.4.4. Synchronous and induction machines 2.4.4.1. Introduction of Synchronous and induction Machines 2.4.4.2. Generator voltage regulation with real and reactive power loads 2.4.4.3. Generator synchronization, load and power factor control, torque angle Fluid and fluidic components, Thermal system components 2.6. Mixed systems Linearized approximations 2.7. Transfer Functions and Responses: (8 hours) Components to physical systems Block diagram and system reduction 3.3. Mason's loop rules 3.4. Laplace transform analysis of systems with standard input functions – stpes, ramps, impulses, sinusoids 3.5. Initial and final steady-state 3.6. Effects of feedback on steady-state gain, bandwidth, error magnitude, dynamic responses Stability: (4 hours) 4.1. Heuristic interpretation for stability of a feedback system Characteristic equation, complex plane interpretation of stability, root locations and stability Routh-Hurwitz criterion, Eigenvalue criterion. 4.3. Setting loop gain using the R-H criterion. 4.4. Relative stability from complex plane axis shifting. 4.5. **Root Locus Method:**

(6 hours)

- Relationship between root loci and time responses of systems.
- Rules for manual calculation and construction of root loci diagrams
- Computer programmes for root loci plotting, polynomial root 5.3.
- Derivative feedback compensation design with root locus 5.4.
- 5.5. Setting controller parameters using root locus, Parameter change sensitivity analysis by root locus

Frequency Response Methods:

(4 hours)

- Frequency domain characterization of systems
- Bode amplitude and phase plots, Effects of gain and time constants on Bode diagrams, Stability from the Bode diagram 6.2.
- Nyquist plots, Correlation between Nyquist diagrams and real time response of systems: stability, relative stability, gain and phase margin, damping

Computer Simulation of Control Systems:

7.1. Role of simulation studies

7.2. Linear and non-linear simulations

(4 hours)

Performance Specifications for Control Systems:

(2 hours)

- 8.1. Time domain specifications: steady-state errors, response rates, error or8.2. Frequency domain specifications: bandwidth, response amplitude ratio. Time domain specifications: steady-state errors, response rates, error criteria, hard and soft limits on responses, damping ratio, log decrement.

- Laboratories:
 1.0 Identification of Control System Components
- 2.0 Study of reversible DC motor drive system
- 3.0 Open and Closed Loop Performance of Servo Position Control System
- 4.0 Simulation Study of Feedback System Using TUSTIM or MATLAB
- 5.0 Design of a PID Controller
- 6.0 Non-Electrical Control System

Textbook:

- K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1990. 1.0
- 2.0 E. Fitgerald, C Kinsley, and S Dumans, "Electric Machinery", Tata McGraw-Hill India Limited, 1984

BIOMEDICAL EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN

	Somo	ster V			В	EG 3C2 BM				٧۵	ar III
Γ̈́		Teachin	ıa		F	kamination Sch	nedule				
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	Но	ours/We	eek		Theory	Pract	ical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Total Marks	Remarks
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	3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	
COURS	SE OB - - -	Toj	orovide D orovide Ir	nterfacing Concep	of Embedded Systems. Its with Micro Controllers of Biomedical Instruments						
1.	В	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Introdu Introdu Archite	uction to Embedde uction to Real Tim ecture and Design ble of an Embedde	e Systems of an Embedded Syster	n			(3 hrs)	
2.	Н	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Termin Gates	and its implement Basic Considerati	ation in practical consider	erations			(3 hrs)	
3.	A	3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6	Microp Buses DMA Interru Timer		MENTALS				(5 hrs)	
4.	A	4.1	Basic (Optimiza Constr Device Examp	uction of Graphics Driver Concepts	M and NASM s Routine				(6 hrs)	
5.	N	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	AT89c 8255 F	action ecture of Microcon 51/52/55 Architec PPI					(6 hrs)	
6.	E	6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Cross		PMENT TOOLS				(2 hrs)	
7.	S	7.1 7.2 7.3	Design Activity	WITH MICROCO and build a bioel and posture reco	ectric amplifier				(10 hrs)	
8.	E	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	VLSI s	pplication in medi ensors for biomed esign with VHDI/N	dical signals				(10 hrs)	
LAB: 1 2			Projects v Simple Flashii Seven Keypa Keypa	rd Parallel and Se with Microcontrolle Flashing LED ng LED with Push Segment Display d Interfacing d with Seven Seg er Motor Control	ers Buttons Interfacing						

LAB

- LCD Display Using Microcontroller
 - Introduction to LCD and its Programming Protocols
 - LCD with Microcontroller
- c. LCD Programming with Keypad System Interfacing with Microcontroller

 - Serial Data Communication Interrupts and Interrupt Service Routine

 - ADC with Microcontrollers Activity and Posture Recorder
- 5. Interfacing on PIC Microcontrollers
 - Simple Projects on VHDL in FPGA Board

PROJECT:

Students have to prepare one project using FPGA or Microcontroller related to Biomedical Instruments.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Embedded System Primer, Simon
- The 8051 Microcontroller Architecture, Programming and Application, Kenneth J. Ayala IBM PC Assembly Language and Programming, Peter Abel 2.
- 3.
- The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded System, Muhammad Ali Mazidi & Janice Gillispie Mazidi 4.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Biomedical Digital Signal Processing, Willis J. Tompking

COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS BEG 3B6 BM

Semester V Year III

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T	eachin	g		Exan	nination Sche	dule			Т	_
	Schedul			Final			Internal A	ssessment	Total	Rem
Ho	ours/We	eek		Theory Practical				Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration Marks		Duration	Marks				
4	1	2	3 hrs 80		-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To introduce the student to analog, digital and data communications systems.

Analog and Digital Communication Systems:

(6 hours)

- Analog and digital communication sources, transmitters, transmission channels and receivers.
- Fundamental limitations due to noise, distortion, and interference and the relationships between noise, bandwidth and information.
- 1.3. Frequency domain concepts
- 1.4. Relationship between data rate and bandwidth
- Types and reasons for modulation.

Continuous Wave Linear Modulators:

(10 hours)

- Amplitude modulation (AM), time domain expressions and modulation index, frequency domain (spectra).
- AM modulation for a single tone message, phasor diagram of an AM signal, illustration of the carrier and sideband components.
- Transmission requirements for AM, normalized power and its use in communication, carrier power and sideband power.
- Double sideband suppressed carrier (DSB) modulation, time and frequency domain expressions.
- 2.5. Transmission requirements for DBS, bandwidth and transmission power for DSB.
- Methods of generating AM and DSB, square modulators, balanced modulators, ring modulators.
- Single sideband modulation (SSB), generation of SSB using a sideband filter, indirect generation of SSB. 27
- 2.8. Representation of SSB Signals.
- 2.9. Transmission requirements for SSB, transmit bandwidth and power, sideband filter examples.
- 2.10. Vestigial sideband modulation (VSB).

Frequency Modulation (FM) and Phase Modulation (PM):

(10 hours)

- Instantaneous frequency and instantaneous phase, time domain, representations for FM and PM, phasor diagrams for FM and PM.
- FM and PM signals for a single tone message, the modulation index and phasor diagrams.
- 3.3. Spectral representation of FM and PM for a single tone message, Bessel' functions and the Fourier series.
- 3.4. Transmission bandwidth for FM, Carson's rule, narrow band and wide-band FM and PM signals.
- 3.5. Generation of FM using Armstrong's method, commercial FM requirements.
- Demodulation of FM and PM signals, the limiter discriminator. 3.6.
- 3.7. Commercial FM radio and stereo FM radio.
- Demodulation of FM using a phase-locked loop.

Protocol Architecture:

(4 hours)

- 4.1 Need for a protocol architecture
- 4.2 Simple protocol architecture
 - 4.2.1 OSI Model
 - 4.2.2 TCP/IP protocol suite
- 4.3 Addressing

Transmission Media:

(5 hours)

- Guided transmission media
- Unguided transmission media
- 5.3 Wireless propagation
- Line of sight transmission 5.4.
- 5.5. Transmission impairments

Signal Encoding Techniques:

(8 hours)

- Digital data, digital signals
- Digital data, Analog signals 6.2.
- 6.3. Analog data, digital signals
- Analog data, analog signals 6.4.

Digital Data Communication Technique:

(6 hours)

- Asynchronous and synchronous transmission
- Error detection and correction techniques

Data Link Control:

(2 hours)

- 8.1. Line configuration
- 8.2. Flow control
- 8.3. Error control

Multiplexing:

(5 hours)

- 8.1 Frequency division multiplexing
 - Synchronous time division multiplexing 82
 - Statistical time division multiplexing

11.0 General Concept of Wireless Communication System

Laboratory Experiments:

- 1. Examination of AM and FM system.
- Synchronous and Asynchronous data transmission.
- Examination of flow and error control techniques.
- Field visit to communication networking.

- Text Books: S. Haykin, "An Introduction to Analog and Digital Communications", Wiley, New York, 1989.
- 2.0 William Stallings, "Data and Computer Communications" PHI.

- Reference Books:

 1.0 L.W. Couch II, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 2nd Edition, Macmillan Publishing Company, New York, 1987.
- 2.0 LW Couch II, "Digital and Analog Communication Systems" 6th Edition, Pearson Education, Asia 2001
 3.0 BP Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, 1999
- 4.0 J. Proakis, M. Salehi, "Communication Systems Engineering", Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1994

ENGINEERING ECONOMICS BEG 399 MS

Year III Semester VI Teaching **Examination Schedule** Total Marks Schedule Final Internal Assessment Hours/Week Theory Practical Theory Practical Marks Marks Duration Marks Duration Marks 3 hrs 80 3 20 100

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide knowledge of the basic tools and methodology of economic studies for evaluation engineering project in private industry, in the public sector and in the utilities area

COURSE	OBJECTIVES:	To provide knowledge of the basic tools and methodology of economic studies for evaluation engineering in the public sector and in the utilities area.	g project in priva
1.0	Introduction	:	(3 hours)
	1.1	Essential business and accounting terminology.	(
	1.2 I	Definition of cash flow.	
	1.3 I	Economic systems.	
2.0	Cost Classif	fication and Analysis:	(5 hours)
		The elements of cost.	
		Classification of cost: overhead, prime cost.	
		Cost variance analysis.	
	2.4	Job and process costing.	
3.0	Interest and	the Time Value of Money:	(6 hours)
		Simple interest, compound interest, interest tables, interest charts.	
		Present worth.	
		Nominal and effective interest rates.	
		Continuous compounding and compounding formula.	
	3.5 I	Interest calculations for uniform gradient.	
4.0	Basic Metho	odologies of Engineering Economic Studies:	(7 hours)
		Present worth and annual worth methods.	
		Future worth method.	
		Internal rate of return method.	
		Drawbacks of the internal rate of return method.	
		External rate of return method.	
		Minimum attractive rate of return method.	
	4.7	The playback (payout) period method.	
5.0	Cash/Benefi		(4 hours)
		Conventional cost/benefit ratio.	
		Modified cost/benefit ratio.	
	5.3 I	Break-even analysis.	
6.0	Investment		(8 hours)
		Comparison of alternatives having some useful life.	
		Comparison of alternatives having different useful life.	
		Comparison of alternatives including of excluding the time value of money.	
		Comparison of alternatives using the capitalized worth method.	
		Definition of mutually exclusive investment alternatives in terms of combinations of projects.	
	0.0	Comparison of mutually exclusive alternatives.	
7.0	Risk Analys		(4 hours)
		Projects operating under conditions of certainty.	
		Projects operating under conditions of uncertainty.	
		Decision tree.	
	7.4	Sensitivity analysis.	
8.0	Taxation Sy	stem in Nepal:	(3 hours)
	8.1	Taxation law in Nepal.	
		Depreciation rates for buildings, equipment, furniture etc.	
		Recaptured depreciation.	
		Taxes on normal gains. Taxes on capital gains.	
	0.5	raxos on capital gallis.	
9.0		alysis and Sales Forecasting:	(5 hours)
		Demand analysis.	
		Correlation of price and consumption rate.	
		Market research.	
		Sales forecasting. Criteria for desirable sales forecasting procedures.	
		Factors affecting accuracy of forecasting.	
	0.0	. salata sasig sadaraay or latabaadiing.	

<u>Tutorials:</u> 3 Assignments, 2 quizzes, 3 case studies.

Note:

The case studies will concentrate on economic analysis and selection of public projects, economic analysis and selection of private projects, risk analysis and demand analysis.

- Recommended Books:

 1.0 E.P. DeCramo, W.G. Sullivan and J.A. Bontadelli, 8th Edition, Macmillan Publishing Company, 1988.

 2.0 N.N. Borish and S. Kaplan, "Economic analysis: For Engineering and Managerial Decision Making", McGraw-Hill.

TISSUE DEVICE INTERACTIONS BEG 3B2 BM

Year III Semester VI **Examination Schedule** Teaching **Total Marks** Remarks Schedule Final Internal Assessment Hours/Week Theory Practical Theory Practical Marks Marks Ρ Τ Duration Marks Duration Marks 100 3 3 hrs 80 20

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide knowledge of interactions between biomaterials and surrounding tissues after implantation in human body.

COURSE	IBJECTIVE: To provide knowledge of interactions between biomaterials and surroundin	g tissues after implantation in human body.
1.0	Introduction to Tissue-Device Interactions and Their Importance:	(1 hour)
2.0	Inflammation, Wound Healing and Foreign Body Respond:	(10 hours)
	2.1 Acute Inflammation	
	2.2 Chronic Inflammation	
	2.3 Granulation Tissue	
	2.4 Foreign body reaction	
	2.5 Fibrosis and fibrous encapsulation.	
	2.6 Inflammation and wound healing.	
3.0	The Effect of Biomaterials on the Heat:	(5 hours)
	3.1 Biochemical response to biomaterials.	
	3.2 Cellular response to biomaterials.	
	3.3 Systemic Response to biomaterials	
4.0	Blood-Biomaterials Interactions:	(5 hours)
	4.1 Blood protein general interactions.	,
	4.2 Specific proteins: fibrinogen and albumin,	
	4.3 Platelets.	
	4.4 Coagulation factors.	
	4.5 Complement activation.	
5.0	Endothelial Cells and Biomaterials:	(4 hours)
	5.1 Endothelial Cell Physiology	(,
	5.2 Techniques for endothelial cell Harvest and culture.	
	5.3 Endothelial cell reading studies.	
6.0	The Extra cellular Matrix and Biomaterials:	(5 hours)
	6.1 ECM components	,
	6.2 Acute responses in injury or implantation.	
	6.3 Chronic response.	
	6.4 Cellular interactions.	
	6.5 Future challenges.	
7.0	Bacteria and Biomaterials:	(7 hours)
	7.1 Specialties of infections due to biomaterials.	
	7.2 Nature of microbial adhesion.	
	7.3 Tissue-centred or biomaterial-centred.	
	7.4 Clinical reviews.	
	7.5 Molecular mechanisms of microbial adhesion.	
	7.6 Failure of integration due to infection.	
	7.7 Surface modification of biomaterials for control of infection.	
8.0	Integrins Adhesion Molecules and Biomaterials:	(6 hours)
	8.1 Integrins	
	8.2 Adhesion Molecules.	
	8.3 Integrins, adhesion molecules and biomaterials.	
9.0	Controlling, manipulating the material/host interactions by changing material Shape, topography, porosity and others:	Chemistry i.e. surface charge, physical properties eg. (3 hours)
	onape, topography, porosity and others.	(J livuis)

Reference Book:

1.0 Implantation Biology: The first response and Biomedical Devices, Ralph S Greco, CRC Press

MEDICAL IMAGING I BEG 3B3 BM

Semester VI Year III

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Т	Teachin	g	Examination Schedule						T	
Schedule				Final			Internal Assessment		Total	Rem
Ho	Hours/Week		Theo	ry	Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide knowledge in different imaging techniques, their mechanism and equipment.

Basic Principles of Medical Imaging:

(2 hours)

Different types of medical imaging and their functions

Radiation Physics:

(7 hours)

Review of Electricity

Transformer

Thermionic emissions and rectifiers

Atomic structure and electromagnetic radiation

Radioactivity

X-rays: (5 hours)

Introduction

Interaction of radiation with matter

Measurement of electromagnetic radiation and other particles

Radiation protection

Control of scattered radiation

X-ray Equipment: (6 hours)

X-ray tubes

X-ray control and indicating equipment

Filters and grids

Different types of X-ray equipment (portable, fluoroscopy, mammography etc.)

Radiographic Imaging: (8 hours)

Photographic Principle

Film Materials

Intensifying Screen Radiographic Processing

Radiographic Image

Exposure factors

Image Quality Control

Basics of Radioisotope Imaging: (7 hours)

Types of radioactivity'

Radionuclide/Radiopharmaceuticals

Labeling Technique

99Mo/99m Tc Generator

Principle of Gamma Camera

SPECT and PET

Textbook:

- Physics for Medical Imaging, FR Farr and PJ Allisy-Roberts
- Thomes S. Curry, III James E. Dowdey&Kobert C.Murry Jr., "Christensen's Physics of Diagnostive.

BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION I BEG 3B4 BM

Semester VI Year III

	Teaching Schedule Hours/Week		g		Exar	<u>mination Sche</u>	dule			_	
			Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem	
			ek		Theory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	4	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give basic knowledge in different types of instruments used in medical applications

1.0		ital of Medical Instrumentation:	(2 hours)
	1.1	Anatomy and Physiology	
	1.2	Physiological System of the Body	
	1.3	Sources of Biomedical Signals	
	1.4	Basic Medical Instrumentation System	
	1.5	Performance Requirements of Medical Instrumentation Systems	
	1.6	Intelligent Medical Instrumentation Systems	
	1.7	General Constraints in Design of Medical Instrumentation Systems	
	1.8	Regulation of Medical Devices 28	
2.0	Bioelectric	: Signals and Electrodes:	(4 hours)
	2.1	Origin of Bioelectric Signals	
	2.2	Recording Electrodes	
	2.3	Silver-silver Chloride Electrodes	
	2.4	Electrodes for ECG	
	2.5	Electrodes for EEG	
	2.6	Electrodes for EMG	
	2.7	Electrical Conductivity of Electrode Jellies and Creams	
	2.8	Microelectrodes	
3.0	Physiolog	ical Transducers:	(4 hours)
	3.1	Introduction	(/
	3.2	Classification of Transducers	
	3.3	Performance Characteristics of Transducers	
	3.4	Displacement, Position and Motion Transducers	
	3.5	Pressure Transducers	
	3.6	Transducers for Body Temperature Measurement	
	3.7	Photoelectric Transducers	
	3.8	Optical Fibre Transducers	
	3.9	Optical Fibre Sensors	
	3.10	Biosensors	
	3.11	Smart Sensors	
4.0	Recording	System:	(4 hours)
	4.1	Basic Recording System	(/
	4.2	General Consideration for Signal Conditioners	
		General Consideration for Signal Conditioners Preamplifiers	
	4.2	General Consideration for Signal Conditioners Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement	
	4.2 4.3	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement	
	4.2 4.3 4.4	Preamplifiers	
	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement Biomedical Signal Analysis Techniques	
	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement Biomedical Signal Analysis Techniques Signal Processing Techniques	
	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement Biomedical Signal Analysis Techniques Signal Processing Techniques The Main Amplifier and Driver Stage	
	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement Biomedical Signal Analysis Techniques Signal Processing Techniques The Main Amplifier and Driver Stage Writing Systems	
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5.0	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.10 4.11 4.12 4.13 Biomedica 5.1 5.2 5.3	Preamplifiers Sources of Noise in Low Level Measurement Biomedical Signal Analysis Techniques Signal Processing Techniques The Main Amplifier and Driver Stage Writing Systems Direct Writing Recorders The Ink Jet Recorders Potentiometric Recorders Digital Recorders Digital Recorders Instrumentation Tape Recorders Electrocardiograph Vectrocardiograph (VCG) Phonocardiograph (PCG) Electroencephalograph (EEG)	(6 hours)
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	6.10	Catheterisation Laboratory Instrumentation	
7.0	Arrhythmia	a and Ambulatory Monitoring Instruments:	(6 hours)
	7.1	Cardiac Arrhythmias	(,
	7.2	Arrhythmia Monitor	
	7.3	QRS Detection Techniques	
	7.4	Exercise Stress Testing	
	7.5	Ambulatory Monitoring Instruments	
	1.5	Ambulatory Monitoring institutions	
8.0	Foetal Mor	nitoring Instruments:	(6 hours)
	8.1	Cardiotocograph	
	8.2	Methods of Monitoring Foetal Heart Rate	
	8.3	Monitoring Labour Activity	
	8.4	Recording System	
0.0	Diamodica	I Tolomotry and Tolomodicina	(4 hours)
9.0		I Telemetry and Telemedicine:	(4 hours)
	9.1	Wireless Telemetry	
	9.2	Single Channel Telemetry Systems	
	9.3	Multi-patient Telemetry	
	9.4	Multi-channel Wireless Telemetry Systems	
	9.5	Implantable Telemetry System	
	9.6	Transmission of Analog Physiological Signals	
	9.7	Telemedicine	
10.0	Oximeters		(2 hours)
	10.1	Oximetry	(2
	10.2	Ear Oximeter	
	10.3	Pulse Oximeter	
	10.3	Skin Reflectance Oximeters	
	10.4	Intravascular Oximeter	
	10.5	ilitiavasculai Oxilletei	
11.0	Blood Flov	vmeters:	(5 hours)
	11.1	Electromagnetic Blood Flowmeter	
	11.2	Types of Electromagnetic Blood Flowmeter	
	11.3	Ultrasonic Blood Flowmeters	
	11.4	NMR Blood Flowmeters	
	11.5	Laser Doppler Blooe Flowmeter	
40.0	0	to the comment	(F. I)
12.0		Itput Measurement:	(5 hours)
	12.1	Indicator Dilution Method	
	12.2	Dye Dilution Method	
	12.3	Thermal Dilution Techniques	
	12.4	Measurement of Continuous Cardiac Output Derived from Aortic Pressure Waveform	
	12.5	Impedance Technique	
	12.6	Ultrasound Method	
13.0	Pulmonary	Function Analyzers:	(4 hours)
10.0	13.1	Pulmonary Function Measurements	(4 110413)
	13.2	Spirometry	
	13.2	Pneumotachometers	
	13.4		
	13.4	Measurement of Volumes	
		Pulmonary Function Analyzers	
	13.6	Respiratory Gas Analysers	
Laboratori	ies:		
1.0	Sensors		
2.0	ECG		
3.0	Oximetry		
Textbook:			

- Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, RS Khandpur, Tata McGraw Hill Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements, Leslie Cromwell et. Al., Prentice Hall India

6.9

Measurement of Respiration Rate

Reference Book:

1. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, RS Khandpur, Tata McGraw-Hill (2nd Edition)

MEDICAL ELECTRONICS BEG 3B1 BM

Semester VI Year III

			-								
	Teaching Schedule		Examination Schedule						T		
			Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Ren	
	Ho	ours/We	eek	T	heory	Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

Course Objective: Completion of this course will enhance the basic knowledge on electronics, characteristic of waveguide and nanotechnology so as to implement these in biomedical applications.

Thyristors and Other Devices: (8 Hours) Basic 4 Layer Devices 1.2 Silicon-Controlled Rectifier (SCR) SCR Characteristics and Ratings 1.3 1.4 SCR Construction and Terminals Identification SCR Application 1.5 Light-Activated SCR 1.6 Silicon-Controlled Switch 1.7 Gate Turn off Thyristor (GTO) 1.8 DIAC and TRIAC 1.9 1.10 **Unijunction Transistor** 1.11 Programmable Unijunction Transistor Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT) 1.12 1.13 Phototransistors 1.14 Opto-isolators **Stability and Oscillators:** (8 Hours) Stability Condition for Stability 2.1.1 2.1.2 Nyquist Criteria 2.2 Oscillators 2.2.1 Oscillator Principle 2.2.2 Oscillator Types 2.2.3 Oscillator Criteria Operational Amplifiers Based Sinusoidal Oscillators 2.3 2.3.1 Phase Shift Oscillator 2.3.2 Wien Bridge Oscillator 2.3.3 Quadrature Oscillator Colpitt Oscillator 2.3.4 2.3.5 Hartley Oscillator Relaxation Oscillator 2.4 Voltage Controlled Oscillator 2.6 Crystal Oscillator 2.7 Amplitude and Frequency Stabilization 2.8 Integrated-Circuit Based Timers Operating Modes of the 555 Timer 2.8.1.1 Monostable Multivibrator 2.8.1.2 Astable Multivibrator Signal Generators 2.10 Use of Oscillators and Signal Generators in Biomedical Application

3.0 Waveguides and Components:

(14 Hours)

- 3.1 Concept of Waveguide
- 3.2Waveguide Components
- 3.3 Wave Propagation in the Guide
- 3.4Rectangular and Circular Wave Guide
- 3.5 Modes in Waveguides
 - 3.5.1 Transverse Electric (TE) Modes
 - 3.5.2 Transverse Magnetic (TM) Modes
 - 3.5.3 Higher Order Modes
- 3.6 Power Transmission and Attenuation in Waveguide
- 3.8 Waveguide Resonators
- 3.11 Tees and Magic Tees
- 3.12 Waveguide Corners, Bends, and Twists
- 3.13 Directional Couplers
- 3.14 Circulators and Isolators
- 3.15 Uses of Waveguides in Biomedical Application

5.0 Nanoelectronics:

(15 Hours)

- 5.1 Definition and Background of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology
- 5.2Nanomaterials Generations
 - 5.2.1 Top Down vs. Bottom up Techniques
 - 5.2.2 Lithographic Process and its Limitations

- 5.2.3 Non-lithographic Techniques
- 5.3 Nanomaterials Characterization Tools/Devices and Properties for Biomedical Application
- 5.4 Carbon Nanostructures

 - 5.4.1 Fullerenes5.4.2 Carbon Nanotubes
- 5.51-D Nanostructures
 - 3.5.1 Nanowires
 - 3.5.2 Nanotubes
- 5.62-D Nanostructures 5.6.1 Thin Films
- 5.7 Single Electron Transistor
- 5.8 Molecular Machine
- 5.9 Nanobiometrics
- 5.10 Current and Future Biomedical Application of Nanomaterials

Laboratory Experiments:

Thyristors and Other Devices:

- Study of different type's thyristor circuit.
- Examination of opto-isolators.

Oscillators:

- Examination of different types of Sunusoidal oscillator's circuit.
- Study of Astable and Monostable multivibrator circuit using 555 timer.
- Examination of Signal generators using OP-AMP circuits.

Waveguide:

- Study of waveguide phenomena using a commercial kit.

Nanoelectronics:

- Study of characterization techniques.
- Synthesis and characterization of nonmaterial's thin film.

References:

- 1. Rashid, "Power Electronics", PHI.
- 2. Samuel Y. Liao, "Microwave Devices and Circuits," PHI
- 3. C. S. S. R. Kumar, J. Hormes, C. Leuschner, Nanofabrication Towards Biomedical Applications, Techniques, Tools, Applications, and Impact.
- 4. Dennis Roddy & John Coolen, "Electronic Communications," 4/E PHI/Pearson
- 5. A.S. Sedra and K.C. Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits", 2nd Edition, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, Inc., New York.

BIOMEDICAL DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING BEG 3B5 BM

Semester VI Year III Teaching **Examination Schedule Total Marks** Remarks Schedule Final Internal Assessment Hours/Week Theory Practical Theory Practical Marks Marks Ρ Τ Duration Marks Duration Marks

20

25

125

80

3

1

2

3 hrs

-	JRSE OBJEC	<u>TIVES</u> : To introduce biomedical digital signal processing techniques and applications.	
1.0		to Signal and System: Signals – unit impulse, unit step, exponential, sinc, causal, noncausal and anticausal signal.	(5 hours)
		Types of signal: Analog discrete and digital	
		ECG signal characteristics	
		Basic sampling theorem	
		System:	
		1.5.1 Introduction	
	1	1.5.2 LTI System Characteristics	
	1	1.5.3 FIR and IIR System	
	1.6	Convolution summation biomedical discrete systems to discrete inputs.	
	1.7	Stability of biomedical system with reference to convergence of power series.	
2.0	Difference E	quations and Frequency Response:	(5 hours)
		Review of Z-transform	` ,
	2	2.1.1 Introduction	
	2	2.1.2 Properties	
		2.1.3 Z-plane plot and region of convergence	
		2.1.4 Inverse Z-transform	
		General form of the linear, shift-invariant constant coefficient difference equation – signal flow graph representa	tion.
	2.3	Steady state and transient response to sinusoidal, periodic and ECG signals	
3.0	Basic of Dig	ital Filter:	(5 hours)
	3.1 I	ntroduction	
		Elements of Digital filter	
		Types of Digital Filter	
		Structure of Digital filter	
	-	3.4.1 Cascaded and parallel	
		3.4.2 Direct form-I 3.4.3 Direct form-II	
		3.4.4 Lattice and Lattice-Ladder	
		Z-plane pole zero plot	
4.0	FIR Filter De		(7 hours)
		Characteristics of FIR filters	
	4.2	Smoothing filter	
	4.2 S 4.3 N	Smoothing filter Notch filter	
	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser	
	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F	Smoothing filter Notch filter	
. 0	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm.	(5 h a)
5.0	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm. sign:	(5 hours)
5.0	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm. sign: Classical filter design using polynomial approximations-Butterworth, Chebychev, elliptic	,
5.0	4.2 S 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F IIR Filter Des 5.1 C 5.2 I	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm. sign: Classical filter design using polynomial approximations-Butterworth, Chebychev, elliptic IR filter design by transformation – matched Z-transform, impulse-invariant transform and bilinear transformatio	,
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6.0	4.2 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F IIR Filter Des 5.1 5.2 I 5.3 A 5.4 S 5.4 S 6.1 6.2 G 6.3 F 6.6 G 6.5 F 6.6 G 6.7 F Signal Avera 7.1 E 5.3 F 6.5 F 6.6 F 6.7 F 5.4 F 6.6 F 6.7 F 5.4 F 6.7 F 6.	Smoothing filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm. sign: Classical filter design using polynomial approximations-Butterworth, Chebychev, elliptic IR filter design by transformation – matched Z-transform, impulse-invariant transform and bilinear transformation Application of the bilinear transformation to IIR low pass discrete filter design. Spectral transformations, high pass, band pass and notch filters. Prourier Transform: Derivation DFT as linear transform Properties 6.3.1 Periodicity 6.3.2 Linearity 6.3.3 Multiplication, Circular convolution Correlation Fast Fourier transform Properties of the DFT. Power spectrum estimation	(6 hours)
6.0	4.2 4.3 N 4.4 V 4.5 F 4.6 F IIR Filter Des 5.1 5.2 I 5.3 A 5.4 S 5	Smoothing filter Notch filter Notch filter Window design: rectangular, hanning, hamming, and Kaiser Frequency sampling FIR filter design using the Remez exchange algorithm. sign: Classical filter design using polynomial approximations-Butterworth, Chebychev, elliptic IIR filter design by transformation — matched Z-transform, impulse-invariant transform and bilinear transformatic Application of the bilinear transformation to IIR low pass discrete filter design. Spectral transformations, high pass, band pass and notch filters. Properties Fourier Transform: Derivation DET as linear transform Properties 6.3.1 Periodicity 6.3.2 Linearity 6.3.3 Multiplication, Circular convolution Correlation Fast Fourier transform Properties of the DFT. Power spectrum estimation aging: Basic of signal averaging	(6 hours)

8.1 Turning point algorithm 8.2 8.3 Fan Algorithm AZTEC algorithm 8.4 Huffman welding

9.0 Real Time Biomedical System:

(5 hours)

- 9.1 Introduction and need 9.2 Real time ECG processing 9.2.1 Power spectrum
 - Differentiation Technique 9.2.2 9.2.3 A QRS detection algorithm

- Laboratory:

 1.0 Introduction of signal plot and analysis of different biomedical signals

 (10) Analysis of Analysis
- 2.0 Response of a recursive (IIR) digital filter for ECG Analysis
 3.0 Scaling, dynamic range and noise behaviour of a recursive digital filter, observation of nonlinear precision effects.
- 4.0 Response of a non-recursive (FIR) for Domain Analysis of ECG
- 5.0 Use of DFT and FFT transforms for ECG frequency
- 6.0 Signal Averaging: ECG Signal Averaging
 7.0 Data Reduction Technique: ECG Data reduction Algorithm

- 1.0 Willis J Tompkins, Editor, "Biomedical Digital Signal Processing", Prentice Hall of India, 1995
- 2.0 John G. Proakis and Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing"

Reference:

A.V. Oppenheim, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", Prentice Hall, 1990

YEAR IV SEMESTER VII & VIII

ORGANISATION AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT BEG 4B7 BM

Semes	ter VII								<u> </u>	ear IV
S	eachin Schedul ours/We	le		Ex	xamination Sc	hedule			Total N	Remarks
			Final Internal Assessment					l Marks	ark	
			7	Theory	Practi	ical	Theory	Practical	જે	0,
							Marks	Marks		
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1		3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide students with fundamental principles of organisation management and also provide basic tools and methodology of initiating, planning, scheduling and controlling of project.

		methodology of initiating, planning, scheduling and controlling of project.	
1.0	Introduction	on:	(4 hours)
	1.1	Organisation and Management	
	1.2	Organisation and Management	
	1.3	Functions and roles of management	
	1.4	Project Definition	
	1.5	Project Cycles, Project Phases	
	1.6	Setting of project Objectives and Goals	
2.0	Organisati		(3 hours)
	2.1	Organisation and its characteristics	
	2.2	Formal and informal organisation	
	2.3	Organisation chart and types or organisation	
3.0	Leadershii	p and Motivation:	(5 hours)
	3.1	Motivation and Incentives	(*)
	3.2	Theories of motivation	
	3.3	Leadership styles	
	3.4	Management by objectives	
	3.5		
	3.3	Management by exception	
4.0	Personnel	Management:	(5 hours)
	4.1	Functions of personnel management	
	4.2	Job analysis and description	
	4.3	Recruitment and promotion	
	4.4	Performance appraisal	
	4.5	Wages and methods of wages payment	
	4.6	Upgrading and training	
5.0			
5.0	Project Pla		(18 hours)
J.U	5.1	Definition	(18 hours)
J.U	5.1 5.2	Definition Planning Function	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2	Definition Planning Function	(18 hours)
J.0	5.1 5.2 5.3	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning)	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm	(18 hours)
J.U	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling	(18 hours)
3.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling	(18 hours)
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation.	
6.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation.	(18 hours)
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pritoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mc 6.1 6.2	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pritoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mc 6.1 6.2 6.3	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pritoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pritoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initioring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pointoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Cost control	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Cost control Work Breakdown structure	
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. pointoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Cost control	
6.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Cost control Work Breakdown structure Project Management Information System	(6 hours)
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Feedback control system Cost control Work Breakdown structure Project Management Information System Anning and Budgeting:	
6.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Feedback control system Cost control Work Breakdown structure Project Management Information System anning and Budgeting: Capital Planning Procedure	(6 hours)
6.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9 5.10 5.11 Project Mo 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9	Definition Planning Function Network models- CPM/PERT Goal Oriented Project Planning (ZOPP Planning) Project Scheduling with limited resources Wiest's Algorithm Manpower levelling Materials Scheduling Multi Project Scheduling Mathematical Programming for minimum cost or maximum project return. Plan of operation and its different forms of presentation. Initoring and Evaluation (M&E) and Control: Definition of M&E Methods and technique in M&E Technique in formulating monitoring indicator Controlling System Project control system Feedback control system Feedback control system Cost control Work Breakdown structure Project Management Information System Anning and Budgeting:	(6 hours)

- 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 Essentials of Management by Harold Koontz and Heinz Weihrich Organisation and Management in Nepal by Govinda Ram Agrawal Personnel Management by CB Mamoria The Economics of Development and Planning by ML Jhingan Modem Economic Theory by KK Dewett

BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION II BEG 4B1 BM

Semester VII Year IV

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	Teaching Schedule Hours/Week		Examination Schedule						To		
			Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem	
			ek		Theory		Practical		Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L		Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
4		1	2	3 hrs	80			20	25	125	

(4 hours)

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give basic knowledge in different types of instruments used in medical applications

1.0 Clinical Laboratory Equipments:

9.3. Nd-YAG Laser9.4. Helium-Neon Laser

Medical Diagnosis with Chemical Tests

1.1.

1.2. Spectrophotometry Spectrophotometer type Instruments 1.3. Colorimeters 1.4. 1.5. Spectrophotometers Automated Biochemical Analysis Systems 1.6. 1.7. Clinical Flame Photometers Selective ion Electrodes Based Electrolytes Analysers 1.8. **Blood Gas Analysers:** (4 hours) 2.1. Acid Base Balance Blood pH Measurements 2.2. 2.3. Measurement of Blood PCO₂ 2.4. Blood pO₂ Measurement 2.5. Intra-Arterial Blood Gas Monitoring 2.6. A Complete Blood Gas Analyser **Blood Cell Counters:** (3 hours) 3.1. Types of Blood Cells 3.2. Methods of Cell Counting 3.3. **Coulter Counters** 3.4. Automatic Recognition and Differential Counting of Cells Audiometers and Hearing Aids: (4 hours) Mechanism of Hearing Measurement of Sound 4.2. 4.3. Basic Audiometer 4.4. Pure Tone Audiometer Speech Audiometer 4.5. 4.6. Audiometer System Bekesy 4.7. **Evoked Response Audiometry System** 4.8. Calibration of Audiometers 4.9. Hearing Aids 5.0 Patient Safety : (2 hours) Electric Shock Hazards 5.1. Leakage Currents 5.2. 5.3. Safety Codes for Electromedical Equipment 5.4. Electrical Safety Analyser Testing Biomedical Equipment Cardiac Pacemakers: (6 hours) 6.1. Need for Cardiac Pacemaker External Pacemaker 6.2. 6.3. Implantable Pacemakers Recent Development in Implantable Pacemakers 6.4. 6.5. Pacing System Analyser Cardiac Defibrillators: (4 hours) Need for a Defibrillator 7.1. DC Defibrillator 7.2. Pacer - cardioveter-defibrillaror 7.3 **Defibrillator Analysers** 7.4. Instruments for Surgery (6 hours) 8.1. Principal of Surgical Diathermy Surgical Diathermy Machine Safety Aspects in Electro-surgical Units 8.3. Surgical Diathermy Analysers Laser Applications in Biomedical Field (4 hours) 9.1. The Laser 9.2. Pulsed Ruby Laser

	9.5. 9.6. 9.7. 9.8. 9.9.	Argon Laser CO2 Laser Excimer Lasers Semiconductor Lasers Laser Safety	
10.0	10.1. 10.2. 10.3. 10.4. 10.5. 10.6. 10.7. 10.8.	otherapy and Electrotherapy Equipment: High Frequency Heat Therapy Short-ware Diathermy Microwave Diathermy Ultrasonic Therapy Unit Eletrodiagnostic/ Therapeutic Apparatus Pain Relief Through Electrical Stimulation Diaphragm Pacing by Radio-frequency for the Treatment of Chronic Ventilatory Insufficiency Bladder Stimulators Cerebellar Stimulators	(6 hours)
11.0	11.1. 11.2. 11.3. 11.4. 11.5.	odialysis Machines Function of the Kidneys Artificial Kidney Dialysers Membrances for Haemodialysis Haemodialysis machine Portable Kidney Machines	(3 hours)
12.0	12.1. 12.2. 12.3.	ripters: The Stone Disease Problem First Lithotripter Machine Modern Lithotripter Systems Extra-corporeal Shock-wave Therapy	(2 hours)
13.0	13.1. 13.2.	Sthesia Machine: Need for Anaesthesia Anaesthesia Machine Electronics in Anaesthesia Machine	(2 hour)
14.0	14.2. 14.3. 14.4. 14.5. 14.6. 14.7. 14.8. 14.9.	Mechanisms of Respiration Artificial Ventilation Ventilators Types of Ventilators Ventilator Terms Classification of Ventilators Pressure-volume-flow Diagrams Modern Ventilators High Frequency Ventilators Humidifiers, Nebulizers and Aspirators	(4 hours)
15.0	15.1. 15.2. 15.3.	therapy Equipment Use of High Voltage X-ray Machines Development of Betatron Cobalt-60 Machine Medical Linear Accelerator Machine	(3 hours)
16.0	16.1. 16.2. 16.3. 16.4.	Infusion Pumps Components of Drug Infusion Systems Implantable Infusion Systems Closed-loop Control in Infusion Systems Examples of Typical Infusion Pumps	(3 hours)
1.0 2.0	Anaes Drug [rometry thesia Delivery system	
Textle 1.0	ooks: Handb	book of Biomedical Instrumentation, R.S.Khandpur, Tata McGraw Hill (Second Edition)	

MEDICAL IMAGING II BEG 4B2 BM

Semes	ter VII								•	ear IV
	ning Sch ours/We				Examinatio	n Schedule			T	
	0 0, 0, 1, 0	•		Fir	nal		Internal A	ssessment	Total N	Remarks
			Theo	ry	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	arks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide knowledge in different imaging techniques, their mechanism and equipment

1.0	Principle ar	nd Equipment for Diagnostic Imaging:	(2 hours)
2.0	2.2	ging: Introduction Digital Radiography PACS (Picture Archiving and Communicating System)	(3 hours)
3.0	3.1 3.2 3.3	Fomography (CT): Basic Principles of CT Generation of CT System Components Recent Advances in CT	(10 hours)
4.0	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	esonance Imaging (MRI): Fundamental Concepts Principles of Parameters or MRI Basic Principles of MR Imaging and Related Parameters Contrast Enhanced MRI Artifacts in MRI MR Scanners Clinical Application	(15 hours)
5.0	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8	raphy (USG): Physics of Ultrasound Construction and Properties of Ultrasound Transducer Ultrasonic Beam Modes of Ultrasound Imaging Doppler Ultrasound Clinical Application Contrast Media in Ultrasound Imaging Recent Advances in Ultrasound Biological Effects of Ultrasound	(15 hours)

<u>Laboratories:</u>
Various Lab works related to CT, USG, Scanner and MRI

<u>Textbook:</u>
1. Physics for Medical Imaging, FR Farr and PJ Allisy-Roberts

IMPLANTABLE DEVICES BEG 4B3 BM

Semester VII Year IV

	Teaching Schedule Hours/Week		g		E	xamination So	chedule			To	
				Final	Internal Assessment		Total	Rem			
			T	heory	Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks	
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	1	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

COURS	E OBJECTI	VE: To introduce various devices which are implanted into the human body during different	abnormalities		
1.0	Introdu	ction to Implants and Their Necessity in Human Life:	(1 hour)		
2.0	Cardiovascular Implants:				
	2.1	Cardiopulmonary bypass	(5 hours)		
	2.2	Heart valves			
	2.3	Vascular grafts			
	2.4	Drug administration systems and vascular access			
	2.5	Stents, catheters and cannulas			
	2.6	Pacemakers			
	2.7	Inferior venacava filters			
	2.8	Intraaortic balloon pump			
	2.9	Ventricular assist device and total artificial hearts			
	2.10	Blood substitutes			
3.0	Non Th	rombogenic Treatments and Strategies:	(3 hours)		
•.•	3.1	Overview for the design of nonthrombogenic surfaces.	(0)		
	3.2	Evaluation methods of blood compatibility.			
	3.3	Heparin coating			
4.0	Dontal I	implanta.	(4 hours)		
4.0	Dentai i	Implants:	(4 hours)		
	4.1 4.2	Designs of different dental implants.			
		Chemical environment.			
	4.3	Concepts of staging and osteointegration.			
	4.4	Dental implant systems.			
	4.5	Tissue interfaces.			
	4.6	Trends in research and development.			
5.0	Plastic	Surgery Implant:	(4 hours)		
	5.1	Introduction and general principles.			
	5.2	Overview of biomaterials used in plastic surgery.			
	5.3	Cranio maxillofacial reconstruction.			
	5.4	Aesthetic surgery.			
	5.5	Breast surgery.			
	5.6	Burn and wound care.			
	5.7	Hand and micro surgery.			
6.0	Orthopa	aedic Implants:	(4 hours)		
	6.1	Structure and properties of calcified tissues.			
	6.2	Biomaterials used in orthopaedic implants.			
	6.3	Total hip arthroplasty.			
	6.4	Ligament reconstruction.			
7.0	Cathete	ers:	(4 hours)		
	7.1	Catheter materials and biocompatibility.	(/		
	7.2	Biomaterials and catheter complications.			
	7.3	Thrombophlebitis.			
	7.4	Intravascular catheter and thrombosis.			
8.0	Riomate	erials Used in Urology:	(4 hours)		
0.0	8.1	Introduction.	(+ 110013)		
	8.2	Urethral catheter and stents.			
	8.3	Prostatic stents.			
	8.4	Penile & testicular prosthesis.			
	8.5	Artificial urinary sphincter and bladder.			
	0.5	Artificial driftary sprifficter and biadder.			
9.0		esis for Drug Delivery:	(4 hours)		
	9.1	Introduction and rationale.			
	9.2	Evaluation of prosthesis – mediated drug delivery			
	9.3	Methods of drug binding.			
	9.4	Entrapment of drugs in polymers.			
	9.5	Covalent attachment of drugs.			
10.0	Differer	nt Kinds of Artificial Organs:	(8 hours)		
	10.1	Introduction.	•		
	10.2	Artificial Pancreas.			
	10.3	Artificial liver.			

	10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7	Artificial Heart and lung. Artificial skin Artificial reproductive organs. Artificial vision	
	10.8	Artificial hearing implant.	
11.0	Introdu	ction to Tissue Engineering:	(4 hours)
	11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	Introduction. General principles. Building blocks of artificial tissues. Tissue and organ reconstruction.	
12.0	Implant	s and Device Failure:	(2 hours)

- Reference Books:

 1. Implantation Biology, Ed. Ralph Greco, CRC Press Inc.
 2. Biomaterials Science, Ed. Ratner et. al., Academic Press, 1996

PRO	OJE	CT
RFG	4C9	RM

Ser	nes	ter '	VII			BEG 4C9 BM				Year IV	
Teaching Schedule Hours/Week			Exa	mination So	chedule			Total	Rer		
					Final	Internal Assessment			Marks	Remarks	
				Т	heory	Practi	ical	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	8)	
L		Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3		-	3	-	-	-	80	120	-	200	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objective of this project work is to give knowledge on project planning, researching, designing, reporting and presentation skill. Student should prepare project proposal for approval by the college, write an elaborate literature review, plan and partially complete an individual biomedical engineering design project under the supervision of teacher and prepare project report.

Procedures:

- A detail project proposal not exceeding 10 double-spaced pages submitted to the concerned department within two weeks of the start of the project course. The department then will consult possible supervisor for approval of proposal. This proposal will be evaluated by the supervisor. This proposal carries the 10% of project final marks and this mark will be given by the project supervisor.
- 2.0 Literature review not exceeding 15 double-spaced pages should be submitted within three weeks after approval of the proposal.
- A mid-term progress reports not exceeding 12 double-spaced pages shall be submitted before the 8th week of the term. An oral presentations will take place during the 9th week of term. This mid term written and oral reports will account for 25% of the final marks.
- **4.0** Final report minimum of 25 double-spaced pages will be submitted at the end of the 15th week of the term. This report will be evaluated by the project supervisor. This report carries 40% of final marks.
- An oral presentation of the final report is to be conducted during the 16th week of the term by a panel of external examiner. The oral defence carries 25% of the final marks.

STRUCTURAL BIOMATERIALS BEG 4B9 BM ELECTIVE I

Semester VII Year IV

••••••										· · · ·
Teaching Schedule		Examination Schedule						T		
		Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem	
Ho	Hours/Week		-	Theory	Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

Course Objective: To provide basic knowledge in biological materials. [7 hours.] Introduction 1.1. Structure of soft and hard tissues Structure and surface of internal lining tissues 1.2.1. Types of epithelia 1.2.2. Connective Tissues 1.2.3. Specialized organs 1.2.4. Muscular Tissues 1.2.5. Structure of hard tissues 1.3. Properties of tissues Structure and properties of synthetic materials Structure and properties of cells Structure and properties of biological tissues [9 hours.] 2.1. Introduction to principles of stereochemistry Basic Building blocks Stereochemistry of polymer chains 2.3.1. Stereochemistry of polypeptides2.3.2. Stereochemistry of polysachharides 2.3.3. Stereochemistry of lipids 2.3.4. Stereochemistry of nucleic acids 2.4. Primary and secondary structure of biological macromolecules 2.4.1. Primary and secondary structure of proteins 2.4.2. Primary and secondary structure of DNA and RNA 2.5. Higher order structures 2.6. Structure of Extracellular matrix macromolecules 2.6.1. Structure of fibrous collagens 2.6.2. Structure of elastic fibres 2.6.3. Structure of laminins and fibronectins 2.6.4. Hyaluronan 2.7. Cell membrane polymers 2.7.1. Syndecan and Glypican 2.7.2. Integrins 2.8. Other polymeric materials 2.8.1. Fibrinogen 2.8.2. Keratin 2.8.3. Actin and Myosin Microscopic and macroscopic structure of tissues [6 hours.] Introduction to methods of cellular and tissue analysis Surface of Internal linings Histology of Alveoli and bronchi, cornea, peritoneum and pleura, skin, uterus, oral histology Conduit and holding structures 3.4.1. Structures of Blood vessels and lymphatics Structure of stomach and intestines 3.4.2. 3.4.3. Structure of bladder and ureter

Determination of physical structure and modeling

3.4.5. Skeletal structures

4.1. Introduction

- 4.2. Viscosity
- 4.3. Light scattering
- 4.4. Ultracentrifugation
- 4.5. Electron microscopy
- 4.6. Determination of physical parameters for biological macromolecules

3.4.4. Parenchymal and organ supporting structures

5. Assembly of biological macromolecules

- 5.1. Introduction
- 5.2. Methods for studying self assembly processes
- 5.3. Collagen self assembly
- 5.4. Assembly of cytoskeletal components

 Actin Myosin interaction
- 5.5. Actin-Myosin interaction
- 5.6. Fibrinogen

[7 hours.]

[7 hours.]

Mechanical properties of tissues

- 6.1. Review of analysis of tissue mechanical properties
 6.2. Mechanical properties of collagenous tissues
 6.3. Mechanical properties of hard tissues
 6.4. Cellular biomechanics

Pathobiology and response to tissue injury 7.1. Introduction 7.2. Cellular components

- 7.3. Cell attachment, proliferation and differentiation7.4. Cellular adaptation

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Biomaterials Science and Biocompatibility Frederick H. Silver and David L. Christianser

[5 hours.]

[4 hours.]

Biomedical Equipment Maintenance BEG 4C8 BM ELECTIVE I

١	Semes	ter VII								Y	ear IV
	Т	eachin	g		Examination Schedule						
	Schedule Hours/Week			Final	Internal Assessment		Total	₹em			
	Ho	urs/We	eek	-	Theory	Practi	Practical		Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	-	1	5	-	-	3 hrs	80	-	20	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To provide basic practical knowledge in Maintenance of commonly used medical devices in district level hospitals of Nepal.

Procedures:

- 1. Students will works on various equipments like incubators, oven, ECG machine, oxygen concentrator, centrifuge machine, other laboratory equipments, ultrasound etc. with an emphasis on maintenance aspects of the devices.
- 2. Two practical assessments will be conducted during the semester. Each student will be given a faculty device for maintenance during these assessments.
- 3. Final practical exam will be conducted by an external examiner.

MEDICAL INDUSTRY MANAGEMENT BEG 4B4 BM

Semester VIII Year IV

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ĺ	T	eachin	ıg		Examination Schedule						
	Schedule				Final				Internal Assessment		Rem
	Ho	Hours/Week		Theory		Practi	cal	Theory Practical Marks Marks		Marks	ıarks
l	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
ĺ	3	3 1 - 3 hrs 80		-	-	20	-	100			

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give an overview of medical industries including hospitals and device industries and to introduce the standards and norms of the medical industries and their products.

1.0	Introduction:	(1 hour)
2.0	Types of Medical Devices: 2.1. Different Types Of Medical Device Companies.	(2 hours)
3.0	Structure of Multinationals: 3.1. Finance and investment 3.2. Board of Directors 3.3. Scientific Advisory Boards	(2 hours)
4.0	Roles of the Medical Device Industry: 4.1. European, USA Procedures	(3 hours)
5.0	International Standards:	(2 hours)
6.0	Risk Assessment and Management: 6.1. Failure Modes and Effects Analysis	(3 hours)
7.0	Product Liability: 7.1. Medical Device Litigation	(2 hours)
8.0	Clinical Requirements and Their Implication in Device Design:	(3 hours)
9.0	Protection of Intellectual Property:	(1 hour)
10.0	Introduction of Clinical Evaluation of Medical Devices: 10.1. Control of Clinical Trials, Post Market Surveillance 10.2. Epidemiological Aspects of Device Performance	(3 hours)
11.0	Case Studies: Implantable Devices:	(3 hours)
12.0	Case Studies: Tissue Engineering Products:	(3 hours)
13.0	Case Studies: Other Devices:	(3 hours)
14.0	Architectural Planning of Hospitals:	(2 hours)
15.0	Basics of Hospital Management:	(3 hours)
16.0	Selection and Purchase of Medical Equipment:	(2 hours)
17.0	Peripheral Devices Used in Hospitals: 17.1. Electro power System 17.2. Refrigeration 17.3. Air-conditioning 17.4. Heating	(8 hours)

- Laboratories:
 1.0 Air-conditioning Principles
 2.0 Refrigeration Principles
- 3.0 Electro-power Principles

1.0 Principles of Hospital Administration and Management, R Bindra Hands-out

ENGINEERING PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE BEG 4B5 BM

Semester VIII Year IV

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ĺ	T	eachin	ıg		Examination Schedule						
		Schedul		Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem
	Ho	Hours/Week		Theory		Practi	cal	Theory Practical Marks Marks		Marks	Remarks
ĺ	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
ĺ	2	2 1 - 1.5 hrs 40		-	-	10	-	50			

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To introduce the ethical and legal environment in which engineering is practiced.

1.0 Background Perspective:

(6 hours)

- 1.1 Impacts and consequences of technology on society: effects of major technological development such as printing, gunpowder, mechanization, computers, organic chemistry, communication satellites.
- 1.2 Cultural motivations and limitations, eastern Vs western philosophy of change and development.
- 1.3 Political and social limitations.
- 1.4 Individual freedoms Vs societal goals.
- 1.5 Exponential growth.
- 1.6 Alternative use of scarce resources and causes of international tensions.
- 1.7 Risk and overall cost/benefit ratio analysis in engineering decision making.
- 1.8 Education and training of technologists, scientists and engineers.

2.0 Ethics and Professionalism:

(3 hours)

- 2.1 Perspective on morals, ethics and professionalism.
- 2.2 Codes of ethics and guidelines for professional engineering practice.
- 2.3 Relationship of the engineering profession to basic science and technology, relationship to other professions.

3.0 Roles of Professional Association:

(1 hour)

Regulation of the practice of the profession, licensing, guidance for training, new entrants into the profession, advice and assistance to engineering colleges, upgrading and maintaining the professional and technical competence of member, providing technical expertise as requested for the guidance and assistance of legislators, seeing to the matter of safety and general welfare of the public in engineering works.

4.0 Legal Aspect of Professional Engineering in Nepal:

(9 hours)

- 4.1 The Nepalese legal system as it affects the practice of engineering.
- 4.2 Provision for private practice and for employee engineers.
- 4.3 Contract law.
- 4.4 Tendering.
- 4.5 Contract documents.
- 4.6 Liability and negligence.
- 4.7 Business and labor laws.
- 4.8 Relationship to foreign firms working in Nepal.

5.0 The Roles and Practice of Professional Engineering in Other Countries:

(2 hours)

- 5.1 Other Asian countries.
- 5.2 The USSR and Eastern Europe.
- 5.3 Western Europe.
- 5.4 North America.

6.0 Case Studies Involving Professional Ethical Issues Chosen From a Wide Range of Topics:

(9 hours)

- 6.1 Intellectual property rights: copyrights and patent protection.
- 6.2 Personal privacy and large computerized data bases.
- 6.3 Industrialization Vs protection of the environment.
- 6.4 Risk/benefit considerations in public transportation.
- 6.5 Engineers and the military.
- 6.6 Science and technology for medicine.
- 6.7 Engineers in international development.

Reference Book:

1.0 Carson Morrison and Philip Hughes, "Professional Engineering Practice – Ethical Aspects", McGraw-Hill Ryerson Ltd., Toranto, 1982.

PROJECT BEG 4B8 BM

Year IV Semester VIII Teaching **Examination Schedule** Total Marks Remarks Schedule Final Internal Assessment Hours/Week Practical Theory Practical Theory Marks Marks Ρ Duration Marks Marks Duration 6 6 100 40 60 200

COURSE OBJECTIVES: The objective of this project work is to give knowledge on project planning, researching, designing, manufacturing, reporting and presentation skill. Student should plan and complete an individual biomedical engineering design and construct project under the supervision of teacher and prepare project final reports. Normally the project will be a continuation of VII semester project, where the student will deliver the final outcome of the research with required amendments.

Procedures:

- **1.0** Student will work on the project report submitted during the seventh semester. If any amendment is required, than the student will prepare amended proposal in consultation with the supervisor.
- 2.0 Two mid-term progress reports not exceeding 6 single-spaced pages shall be submitted during the 5th and 9th week of the term. Two oral presentations will take place after submission of these reports. This mid-term written and oral reports will account for internal assessment marks.
- **3.0** Final report minimum of 25 double-spaced pages will be submitted at the end of the 15th week of the term. This report will be evaluated by the project supervisor. This report carries 50% of final marks.
- **4.0** An oral presentation of the final report is to be conducted during the 16th week of the term by a panel of external examiner. The oral defence carries 50% of the final marks.

MINIMALLY INVASIVE MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY BEG 4C2 BM **ELECTIVE II**

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Seme	ester V	111								Year IV	<u> </u>
	Teaching Schedule Hours/Week L T P 3 -						ι	_			
						Final Internal Assessmen				ssessment	Total
	Ho	urs/We	ek	٦	Theory	Practi	cal	Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L	T	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
	3	-		3 hrs	80	-	-	20	-	100	

Course Objective: To provide the basic concepts of Computer Applications in various medical fields. **CHEMICAL SENSORS** 1. [7 Hrs.] 1.1 Objects Of Measurement 1.1.1. Objects of measurement Requirement of chemical measurement sensor 1.1.3. Placement of sensors 1.2 Electrochemical Sensors Electrode potential Potentiometric sensors Amperometric measurement Electrochemical gas censors 1.3 Fiber-Optic Chemical Sensor 1.3.1 Spectrophotometric analysis and beer's Law 1.3.2 Fiber-Optic chemical sensor 1.3.3 Optical oximetry 1.4 Other transducer Acoustic bulk-wave device 1.4.1 1.4.2 Acoustic surface-wave device 1.4.3 Thermal measurement 1.5 Biosensors Enzyme-based biosensors 1.4.2 1.4.2 Immunosensors Microbial sensors 1.5.3 Problems References **NEURO-ELECTRICAL SIGNAL RECORDING** [3Hrs.] 2. 2.1 Neuro-electrical signal 2.1.1 Resting potential 2.1.2 Action potential Conventional electrodes 2.2.1 Metal microelectrode 2.2.2 Micropipette electrode Problems Reference PRESSURE SENSORS 3. [4 Hrs.] 3.1 Pressure measurement 3.2 Indirect pressure measurement Direct measurement 3.3.1 Diaphragm for pressure sensor 3.3.2 Strain-gage pressure sensor 3.3.3 Capacitive pressure sensor 3.3.4 Fiber-optic pressure sensor 3.4 Catheter-type pressure sensor 3.4.1 Catheter-sensor pressure sensor Catheter-tip pressure sensor 3.4.2 Problems References **GENERAL TECHNIQUES AND APPLICATIONS** [5 Hrs.] 4.1 Minimally invasive cardiovascular surgery Minimally invasive direct coronary artery bypass 4.1.2 4.1.3 Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty 4.2 Minimally invasive brain surgery

Endoscopic neurosurgery and endoscope-assisted microneurosurgery

4.2.2 Image-guided stereotexic brain surgery

4.3 Minimally invasive ophthalmalic surgery

4.3.1 Laser glaucoma surgery

Laser corneal reshaping surgery 4.3.2

Problems References

5. ENDOSCOPIC SURGERY

	5.1	Endoscopes	
	0.1	5.1.1 Rigid endoscope	
		5.1.2 Flexible telescope	
		5.1.3 New developments and perspectives of endoscope technology	
	5.2	Mechanical surgerical tools for endoscope surgery	
		5.2.1 Endoscopic surgical tools for dissection, ligation and suturing	
		5.2.2 Haptic feedback for endoscopic surgery	
	5.3	Endoscopic electrosurgery, ultrasonic surgery and laser surgery	
		5.3.1 Electrosurgical technology in endoscopic surgery	
		5.3.2 Ultrasonic surgery and harmonic scalpel	
	- A	5.3.3 Laser surgery	
	5.4	The basic procedure and equipment set-up for laparoscopic surgery	
		5.4.1 Basic procedures of laparoscopic surgery 5.4.2 Equipment set-up for laparoscopic surgery	
		 5.4.2 Equipment set-up for laparoscopic surgery 5.4.3 Discriptions of some laparoscopic equipment and surgical tools 	
		5.4.4 New trends and perspectives of laparoscopic technology	
	5.5	Arthroscopy	
	5.5	5.5.1 Instruments	
		5.5.2 Arthroscopic knee surgery	
		Problems	
		References	
6.	IMAG	E-GUIDED SURGERY	[7 Hrs.]
	6.1	Image registration	
		6.1.1 Rigid body transformation	
		6.1.2 Nonrigid body transformation	
		6.1.3 Extrinsic image registration	
		6.1.4 Intrinsic image registration	
		6.1.5 Image fusion	
	6.2	Surgical planning	
		6.2.1 Generic atlas model	
	C 2	6.2.2 Visualization	
	0.3	Stereotactic sugeries 6.3.1 Frame-based stereotactic systems	
		6.3.2 Frameless stereotactic systems	
	6.4	Intraoperative endosocopy and microscopy	
	0.4	6.4.1 Endoscopy	
		6.4.2 Microscopy	
	6.5	X-ray fluoroscopy	
		Inraoperative computed tomography	
		Intraoprerative ultrasound	
		Intraoperative magnetic resonance imaging	
		6.8.1 Scaner design	
		6.8.2 Instrumantation compatibility	
		6.8.3 Instrument tracking	
		6.8.4 Data acquisition and reconstruction	
		Problems	
		References	
_			
7.	ABLA		[9 Hrs.]
	7.1	Significance and present application	
		7.2.1 Radio-frequency ablation	
		7.2.1 Background 7.2.2 Mechanism of RF energy-inducted injury	
		7.2.3 Designs of RF ablation system7.2.4 Advantages and limitations	
		7.2.5 Application of radio-frequency ablation	
		7.2.6 Research	
	7.3	Laser ablation	
	7.0	7.3.1 Background	
		7.3.2 Laser-tissue interaction	
		7.3.3 Advantage and limitation	
		7.3.4 Applications	
		7.3.5 Current research	
	7.4	Ultrasound ablation	
		7.4.1 High-intensive focus ultrasound: background	
		7.4.2 Advantage and limitation	
		7.4.3 Applications	
		7.4.4 Research	
	7.5	Cry ablation	
		7.5.1 Background	
		7.5.2 Mechanism of tissue damage	
		7.5.3 Design of cry oblation system	
		7.5.4 Advantage and limitation	
		7.5.5 Application and limitation	
	7.6	7.5.6 Research	
		Microwave ablation	
		Microwave ablation 7.6.1 Background	
		Microwave ablation 7.6.1 Background 7.6.2 Designs	
		Microwave ablation 7.6.1 Background 7.6.2 Designs 7.6.3 Advantages and limitations	
		Microwave ablation 7.6.1 Background 7.6.2 Designs	

7.7 Chemical ablation 7.7.1 Applications of chemical ablation Problems

References

8. DRUG DELIVERY [4 Hrs.] 8.1 Noninvasive drug delivery 8.1.1 Respiratory delivery 8.1.2 Transdermal delivery 8.1.3 Oral controlled release delivery 8.1.4 Other noninvasive routes of administration 8.2 Controlled -release drug delivery 8.2.1 Controlled-release delivery 8.2.2 Targeted-release delivery 8.3 Controlled-dose delivery

- 8.3 Controlled-dose delivery
 8.3.1 Implantable system and micropumps
 8.3.1 Feedback system

Problems

References

TEXT BOOKS:

1."Minimally Invasive Medical Technology", John G. Webster

MEDICAL IMAGE PROCESSING BEG 4B6 BM ELECTIVE II

Seme	ster VI	II						Yea	r IV	
Т	Teaching Schedule			Ex	amination Scl	nedule			Total	_
			Final				Internal Assessment			
Ho	Hours/Week		-	Theory	Practi	Practical		Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	1	2	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

Course Objectives:

To learn about mathematical foundations and practical techniques for digital manipulation of medical image acquisition, Preprocessing, Processing in spatial and frequency domain and image compression.

1. Introduction [9 Hr]

- 1.1 Typical Measurement System
- 1.2 Transducers
- 1.3 Analog-to-Digital Conversion
- 1.4 Image Representation and image Analysis
- 1.5 Human Visual System and Image Model
- 1.6 Image Digitization
 - 1.5.1 Sampling Theorem
 - 1.5.2 Quantization
- 1.7Properties of Digital Images
 - 1.7.1 Histogram
 - 1.7.2 Entropy
 - 1.7.3 Image Quality
 - 1.7.4 Noise in Images

2. Fundamentals of Image Processing

- 2.1 Image Processing Basics
- 2.2 General Image Formats
- 2.3 Data Classes: Intensity Coding Schemes
- 2.4 Data Formats
- 2.5 Data Conversions
- 2.6 Image Display
- 2.7 Image Stores and Retrieval
- 2.8 Basic Arithmetic Operation
- 2.9 Neighborhood Operations
- 2.10 Basic Statistical Operations

3. Medical Image Processing

- 3.1 Medical Image Representation and Modeling
- 3.2 Medical Image Enhancement
- 3.3 Medical Image Filtering and Restoration
- 3.4 Medical Image Analysis and Computer Vision
- 3.5 Medical Image Formation Principal
 - 3.5.1 X-Ray Imaging
 - 3.1.2 Computer Tomography (CT)
 - 3.5.3 Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)
 - 3.5.4 Positron emission tomography (PET)
 - 3.5.5 Single Photon emission computed tomography (SPECT)
- 3.2 Medical Image Encoding for Transmission
 - 3.2.1 Image Data Properties
 - 3.2.2 Image Coding
 - 3.2.3 Contour Representation
 - 3.2.4 Quadtrees
 - 3.2.5 Lossless and Lossy Compression

[6 Hr]

[7 hr]

4. Medical Image Segmentation 4.1 Pixel-Based Methods 4.2 Continuity Based Methods 4.3 Morphological Operations 4.4 Edge-Based Segmentation	[6Hr]
5.1 Object Representation 5.1.1 Position-Dependent Brightness Correction 5.1.2 Gray-Scale Transformation 5.2 Geometric Transformations 5.2.1 Pixel Co-ordinate Transformations 5.2.2 Brightness Interpolation 5.3 Local Pre-Processing 5.3.1 Image Smoothing 5.3.2 Edge Detectors 5.3.3 Zero-Crossings of the Second Derivative 5.3.4 Scale in Image Processing (overview) 5.3.5 Canny Edge Detection (overview) 5.3.8 Local pre-processing in the frequency domain 5.4 Image Restoration 5.4.1 Degradations that are Easy to Restore 5.4.2 Inverse Filtration	[7 Hr]
6.1 Thresholding 6.1.1 Threshold Detection Methods 6.1.2 Optimal Thresholding 6.2 Edge-based Segmentation 6.2.1 Edge Image Thresholding 6.2.2 Edge Relaxation 6.2.3 Border Tracing 6.2.4 Border Detection as Graph Searching 6.2.5 Border Detection as Dynamic Programming 6.2.6 Hough Transform 6.3 Region-based Segmentation 6.3.1 Region Merging 6.3.2 Region Splitting 6.3.3 Splitting and Merging 6.3.4 Watershed Segmentation 6.3.5 Region Growing Post-Processing 6.4 Matching 6.4.1 Matching Criteria	[7 Hr]
6.5 Evaluation Issues in Segmentation 6.5.1 Supervised Evaluation 6.5.2 Unsupervised Evaluation 7. Image Data Compression 7.1 Image Data Properties 7.2 Discrete Image Transforms in Image Data Compression 7.3 Error-free compression	[3Hr]

PRACTICAL

1. Introduction

Introduction of Visual Basic or C++ builder programming.

2. Medical Image Histogram and Point Operations

First- and second-order image histograms, contrast enhancement via point transformations, histogram equalization, and color transformations

3. Geometric Operations

Medical Image resizing, interpolation and decimation, affine spatial transformations (rotation), and higher-order spatial transformations.

4. Linear Processing

Convolution and correlation, linear filtering, FIR filters, blurring, sharpening, and edge detection

5. Selective Processing

Block processing, region-of-interest processing, and line profiles.

6. Nonlinear Processing

Nonlinear noise reducing filters (e.g., median, outlier, and adaptive) and image morphology

Text Book

- 1. Sonka-Hlavac-Boyle: Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision, 3rd edition
- 2. Digital Image Processing, R. C. Gonzalez, R. E. Woods, Second Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Digital Image Processing, William K.Pratt, 3rd edition

Reference Books

- 1. K.K. Shung, M.B. Smith, B. Tsui, Principles of Medical Imaging, Academic Press, 1992.
- 2. Z.H. Cho, J.P. Jones, M. Singh, Foundations of Medical Imaging, Wiley, New York, 1993.
- 3. A. Macowski, Medical Imaging Systems, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 1993.

THEORY OF MEDICAL ROBOTICS BEG 4C5 BM

ELECTIVE II

Seme	ster V	'							Y	ear IV
T	eachin	g	Examination Schedule							
	Schedul		Final				Internal A	Total	Ren	
Ho	Hours/Week			Theory		Practical		Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
3	2	-	3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To give an overview of robotic and their application in medical field

Introduction of Robotics: (5 hours) 1.1 Introduction 1.2 Uses of Robert in medical field Types of Robots 1.3 1.3.1 Workstation based Robots 1.3.2 Wheel chair mounted Robots 1.3.3 Body worn robots Mobile Robots 1.3.4 1.3.5 Smart wheelchairs 2. **Review of Technology** (5 hours) 2.1 Devices 2.2 Arm design 2.3 Electronics: power supply, Central processor, Communication bus, Motor control and drive sensors 2.4 Human Machine Interface 2.5 2.6 Gripper 2.7 Safety **Fuzzy Logic** (7 hours) Introduction 4.1 4.2 Application of Fuzzy Neural Network for medical diagnosis Future application of fuzzy Neural Network 4.3 **Medical Robotics in Surgery** (12 hours) Robotic surgical system Image guided surgery: Computer and Robotic based 4.3 Future of Robotic surgery 5. Robotic Rehabilitation Therapy (8 hours) 5.1 Introduction **Technology Overview** 5.2 5.3 Future application 6. Telesurgery (8 hours) 6.1 Introduction 6.2 Block diagram

Text Book:

6.3 6.4

- 1.0 Robotics for surgery R.D. Howe and Y Matsuoka
- 2.0 Medical Robotics. By Vanja Bozovic

Telerobotic System

Telemanipulation

NEURAL NETWORK BEG 4C7 BM ELECTIVE III

	Seme	ester V	'III							Year I\	/
	T	eachin	g	Examination Schedule							
	Schedule Hours/Week			Final			Internal Assessment		Total	Rem	
			eek	-	Theory	Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
ĺ	3 1 2		3 hrs	80	-	-	20	25	125		

Course objective

This subject provide

- Information and architecture of Neural Networks
- Modeling of Medical system using Neural Networks
- Application of Neural Network in medicine
- Idea of Genetic Algorithms and Fuzzy Logic

1. Introduction to Neural Netwo	orks
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[4 Hr]

- 1.1 Introduction to Neural Network
- 1.2 Historical background
- 1.3 Applications of Neural Networks in Medicine
- 1.4 Neural networks versus conventional computers a comparison

2. Neural Networks Architecture

[4 Hr]

- 2.1 Biological Neural Networks (structure, activation, lateral inhibition)
- 2.2 Learning mechanisms
- 3. Artificial Neural Networks (ANN)

[5 Hr]

- 4.1 History of ANNs (Mc Culloch and Pitts, Connectionist, XOR problem)
- 4.2 Feedback (autoassociative) networks
- 4.3 Perceptrons
- 4.4 Multi-Layered Perceptrons

4. The Learning Mechanisms

[8 Hr]

- 4.1 Supervised learning methods
 - 4.1.1 Backpropagation
 - 4.1.2 Conjugate Gradient method
 - 4.1.3 Levenberg-Marguardt (LM) method
 - 4.1.4 Madalines
 - 4.1.5 Radial-Basis Networks
 - 4.1.6 Cascade-Correlation Networks
 - 4.1.6 Polynomial Networks
 - 4.1.7 Recurrent Networks
 - Time series
 - Backpropagation through time
 - Finite Impulse Response (FIR) MLP
 - Temporal Differences method (TD)
- 4.2 Unsupervised learning methods (Kohonen Self-Organizing Maps (SOMs))

5. Associative models

[6 Hr]

- 5.1. Linear Associative Memory (LAM)
- 5.2. Hopfield Networks
- 5.3. Brain-State-in-a-Box (BSB)
- 5.4. Boltzmann Machines and Simulated Annealing
- 5.5. Bi-Directional Associative Memory (BAM)

6. Applications of ANN

[4 Hr]

- 6.1 Pattern Recognition
- 6.2 Optimization problems

- 7. Neural networks in medicine
 - 7.1 Modelling and Diagnosing the Cardiovascular System
 - 7.2 Electronic noses detection and reconstruction of odors by ANNs
 - 7.3 Instant Physician a commercial neural net diagnostic program
- 8. Introduction to Genetic Algorithms and Fuzzy Logic

- 8.1Genetic Algorithm
 - 8.1.1Basics of Genetic Algorithms,
 - 8.1.2 Design issues in Genetic Algorithm,
- 8.2 Genetic Modeling,
- 8.3 Hybrid Approach
 - 8.3.1 GA based Fuzzy Model Identification.
 - 8.3.2 Fuzzy Logic controlled Genetic Algorithm
 - 8.3.3 Neuro- Genetic Hybrids & Fuzzy Genetic Hybrids.

PRACTICAL

- 1. Introduction and Key Features of Matlab
- 2. Working with Neural Network Toolbox and familiar with recognition, clustering and network training
- 3. Network Architectures
 - a. Supervised Networks
 - i. Feed forward
 - ii. Radial basis
 - iii. Dynamic networks
 - iv. learning vector quantization
 - b. Unsupervised Networks
- 4. Training and Learning Functions
 - a. Backpropogation algorithm
- 5. Modeling and Diagnosing the Cardiovascular System
- 6. Electronic noses detection and reconstruction of odors by ANNs

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Neural Networks A comprehensive introduction, Simon Hayin, 2nd edition
- 2. An Introduction to Neural Networks, James A. Anderson, PHI

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. An introduction to neural computing. Aleksander, I. and Morton, H. 2nd edition
- 2. Neural Networks by Eric Davalo and Patrick Naim
- 3. Learning internal representations by error propagation by Rumelhart, Hinton and Williams (1986).

[6 Hr]

[8 Hr]

MEDICAL INFORMATICS BEG 4C3 BM ELECTIVE III

Seme	ester V	'III							Ye	ar IV
T	Teaching		Examination Schedule							
	Schedul		Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem
Ho	Hours/Week		Theory		Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks
L T P		Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks					
3	1	2	3	80	-	-	20	25	125	

COURSE OBJECTIVE: To provide the basic concepts of Computer Applications in various medical fields.

1. Database system -

14hrs

- 1.1 Purpose of database system, Data models, Database languages, Database administrator, Database users, System structure
- 1.2 Entity-Relationship Model, Basic concepts, Design issues, Mapping constraints, Keys, Entity relationship diagram, Weak entity sets, Extended E-R features
- 1.3 Relational mode, the structure of relational database, the relational algebra
- 1.4 SQL, basic structure, set operation, data definition language, features of SQL
- 1.5 Integrity constraints, relational database design, introduction to normalization

2. Review of telecommunication and computer networks -

4hrs

- 2.1 Introduction and types of network
- 2.2 Centralized versus Distributed Processing
- 2.3 Communication channels
- 2.4 Network Topology
- **2.5** TCP/IP reference model

3. System analysis and design/System design and engineering -

4hrs

- 3.1 What is system?
- 3.2 Essential principle for successful system development
- 3.3 Types of system Need for system analysis. Role of system analyst
- 3.4 System Analysis: concept, system approach, system selection procedure
- 3.5 System design, concept, DD, DFD, Input, Output file design
- 3.6 SDLC: various stages, water fall, prototyping, spiral

4. Information security and privacy -

4 hrs

- 4.1 Importance of security
- 4.2 Security and integrity constraints
- 4.3 Access control: Discretionary and mandatory authorization
- 4.4 Security and views
- 4.5 Encryption and decryption

5. Medical informatics application to health services –

14hrs

- 5.1 Medical data: their acquisition, storage and use
- 5.2 Standards in medical informatics
- 5.3 Medical decision making
- 5.4 Computer based patient record system
- 5.5 Patient care and monitoring system
- 5.6 Information retrieval system

6. Expert system and Clinical decision support system -

5 hrs

- 6.1 Expert system
- 6.2 Architecture of expert system
- 6.3 Case study of expert system (clinical decision support system)

Lab Exercise:

There shall be at least 6 lab exercises based on RDMS covering theoretical studies involving medical data. At the end of the course students shall be able to design medical database with report generation.

Project Work:

A project on medical informatics application.

Text Books:

- Abraham Silberchatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan; Database System Concepts
 Edward H. Shortliffe, Leslie E. Perreault Medical informatics, computer application in health care and biomedicine
- 3. Edward J. Cimino Biomedical Informatics

TELEMEDICINE AND TELEHEALTH BEG 4C1 BM **ELECTIVE III**

	Sen	nester	VIII							Ye	ar IV
	Teaching Schedule			Examination Schedule							
				Final				Internal Assessment		Total	Rem
	Hours/Week		Theory		Practical		Theory Marks	Practical Marks	Marks	Remarks	
	L	Т	Р	Duration	Marks	Duration	Marks				
ĺ	3	1	-	3	80	-	-	20	-	100	

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To give an introduction to telemedicine and telehealth and stress its importance in the present day

world and in underdeveloped country like Nepal. 1. Introduction and history of remote management of diseases [3 hrs] 1.1. Definition of Telemedicine and telehealth 1.2. History of Telehealth 1.3. Use of Telephone in telemedicine 1.4. Use of current telecommunications technology Telehealth: A patient perspective [3 hrs] 2.1. Importance of patient focus for telehealth 2.2. Influence of changing role of patient on telehealth 2.3. Providing health information to consumers and patients 2.4. Future of patient participation in health care in telehealth Telecommunication technologies in healthcare [4 hrs] 3.1. Synchronous and asynchronous communication 3.2. Catagories of telecommunication technology 3.2.1. Transmission channels 3.2.2. Capture/ Reception equipment: videoconferencing 3.2.3. Special applications: Radiology equipment 3.2.4. General telemedicine equipment 3.2.5. Vendor considerations 3.2.6. Technical considerations Clinical Applications [6 hrs] 4.1. Radiology 4.1.1. Clinical Applications 4.1.2. The importance of image resolution 4.1.3. Utilization and cost effectiveness 4.1.4. Behavioral health care 4.1.4.1. Video Channel as preferred technology 4.1.4.2. Video considerations in behavioral e-health 4.1.4.3. Ethical concerns for behavioural e-health 4.1.4.4. Practical conciderations 4.1.5. Home care 4.1.5.1. Clinical applications 4.1.5.2. Cost effectiveness 4.1.5.3. Disease management 4.1.6 Telepathology 4.1.7 Teledermatology 4.1.8 Telesurgery Special settings [3 hrs] 5.1. Correctional settings

- 5.2. Military settings
- 5.3. Tribal community
- 5.4. School settings
- 5.5. Projects
- 5.6. Internet
- Telehealth and relationship with physicians

[4 hrs]

- 6.1. Changing role of professionals
- 6.2. Traditional doctor-patient relationship
- 6.3. Current challenges in doctor-patient relationship

	6.4.	Objectives of doctor-patient relationship				
	6.5.	octor patient relationship in telehealth				
7.	Telel	nealth care transactions	[3 hrs.]			
	7.1.	Suitable areas for telehealth care	-			
	7.2.	Telehealth transaction				
	7.3.	Operational management of Telehealth transactions				
	7.4.	Future of telehealth transactions				
8.	Regulatory considerations, security and privacy					
		Privacy				
	8.2.	Confidentiality				
	8.3.	Security				
		Data integrity				
		Legal issues				
9.		et for telehealth services	[3 hrs]			
		Market in primary and secondary care				
		Market in academic centres				
		Market in home care				
		International market				
		Rural health care market				
		Market in military	[2 hrs]			
	Contracting for telehealth care					
11.	Starting Telemedicine					
		Understanding missions and goals				
		Identifying needs and services to be delivered				
		Identifying target clients				
40		Identifying required resources	[4 hrs]			
12.	0 0,					
	12.1. Investment on equipment					
	12.2. Effect of data exchange performance rates on telemedicine programmes					
	12.3. Buying bandwidth					
	12.4. Equipment and communication standards					
12		Equipment requirement for specific telehealth applications	[O bro]			
13.	13.1	edicine and Telehealth in Nepalese Context . Economic considerations	[2 hrs]			
	13.1					
	13.2	0 1				
	13.4					
14	-	e of Telehealth and Telemedicine	[2 hrs]			
17.	14.1		[2 1113]			
	14.2					

COURSE BOOKS:

- Marlene M. Maheu, Pamela Whitten, Ace Allen: E-Health, Telehealth and Telemedicine
 Telemedicine and Telehealth, Adam William Darkins and Margaret Ann Cary.